# EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Episil-Precision Inc.

### **Preface**

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Episil-Precision Inc. and its subsidiary (the "Group") as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity, consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies). It is the management's responsibility to prepare fairly presented consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' endorsed by the FSC, and the accountant's responsibility is to draw conclusions on the consolidated financial statements based on the review results.

### Scope

Except as stated in the section of basis for qualified conclusion, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. The procedures performed in the review of consolidated financial statements include inquiries (primarily inquiring those responsible for financial and accounting matters), analytical procedures and other review procedures. The scope of the review work is significantly smaller than the scope of the audit work, so the accountant may not be able to identify all the material matters that can be identified by the audit work, and therefore cannot present the audit opinion.

### Basis for qualified conclusion

As mentioned in Notes 4(3) to the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of some unimportant subsidiaries included in the above consolidated financial statements not reviewed by the accountant. As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the total assets of such subsidiaries were NT\$172,778 thousand and NT\$84,745 thousand respectively, accounting for 2.47% and 1.09% of the consolidated total assets respectively; the total liabilities were NT\$3,736 thousand and NT\$3,661 thousand respectively, accounting for 0.17% and 0.14% of the total consolidated liabilities respectively; the total

comprehensive profit and loss for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$(60) thousand, NT\$693 thousand, NT\$(1) thousand and NT\$1,429 thousand respectively, which represented (0.14%), 0.34%, (0.001%) and 0.24% of the total consolidated comprehensive profit and loss respectively.

### Qualified conclusion

According to the review results of the accountants, except for some unimportant subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, which may be adjusted appropriately and the impacts may be disclosed, we did not find any circumstance where the consolidated financial statements referred to in paragraph 1 were not prepared in any material respect in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' endorsed by the FSC, making it impossible to fairly present the consolidated financial position of Episil –Precision Inc. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flow for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Hsieh, Chih-Cheng	Chiang, Tsai-Yen
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, T November 6 2023	aiwan

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors" report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 and SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		September 30, 2023			December 31, 202	22	September 30, 2022			
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%	1	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
•	Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	2,432,929	35	\$	2,841,411	37	\$ 2,739,369	35
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(2)								
	cost			2,622	-		-	-	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)		983,467	14		1,025,940	14	1,257,385	16
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	6(3)and7	•	115,626	2		207,799	3	303,753	4
1200	Other receivables			39,060	-		27,584	-	26,832	1
1210	Other receivables due from related	7								
	parties			10,826	-		8,472	-	8,399	-
130X	Inventories	6(4)		899,129	13		947,076	12	913,700	12
1410	Prepayments			53,355	1		93,490	1	97,532	1
1470	Other current assets		_	8,795			9,766		7,764	
11XX	Current assets		_	4,545,809	65		5,161,538	67	5,351,824	69
	Non-current assets									
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair									
	value through other comprehensive									
	income			17	-		17	-	17	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(2)and								
	amortised cost	8		13,565	-		13,565	-	7,858	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)		1,979,398	28		2,008,385	26	1,923,218	25
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)		223,816	3		242,625	3	245,647	3
1760	Investment property - net	6(8)		156,627	2		160,320	2	161,550	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)		55,332	1		52,520	1	53,119	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets			32,095	1		32,095	1	34,014	-
1920	Refundable guarantee deposits	7		1,070	-		1,109	-	1,086	-
15XX	Non-current assets		_	2,461,920	35		2,510,636	33	2,426,509	31
1XXX	Total assets		\$	7,007,729	100	\$	7,672,174	100	\$ 7,778,333	100

(Continued)

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 and SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 (SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited) (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			September 30, 2023		I	December 31, 20	22	September 30, 20	)22	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	-	AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	486,583	7	\$	178,624	2	\$ 447,473	6
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(20)		32,942	1		42,574	1	59,702	1
2170	Accounts payable	6(11)		348,846	5		419,139	5	519,7902	7
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		2,604	-		1,885	-	1,540	-
2200	Other payables	6(12)		299,719	4		621,779	8	425,206	6
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		31,193	-		36,083	1	33,506	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities			43,324	1		120,663	2	98,307	1
2280	Current lease liabilities			7,586	-		9,532	-	9,657	-
2320	Long-term borrowings, current portion	6(13)		_	_		_	_	17,677	_
2399	Other current liabilities, others			29,771	_		22,430	_	24,240	_
21XX	Current liabilities			1,282,568	18		1,452,709	19	1,637,098	21
	Non-current liabilities			1,202,300		-	1,132,705		1,037,070	
2527	Non-current contract liabilities	6(20)		52,762	1		77,065	1	100,989	1
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(13)		489,390	7		484,170	6	482,442	6
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	0(15)		36,148	_		36,148	1	36,549	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			227,619	3		242,962	3	245,325	3
2640	Accrued pension liabilities			65,786	1		67,338	1	79,272	1
2645	Guarantee deposits received			8,095	_		8,095	_	8,290	_
25XX	Non-current liabilities			879,800	13		915,778	12	952,867	12
2XXX				2,162,368	31		2,368,487	31	2,589,965	33
2717171	Equity			2,102,300			2,300,401		2,307,703	
	Equity attributable to owners of the									
	parent									
	Share capital	6(16)								
3110	Share capital - common stock	0(10)		2,885,394	41		2,885,394	38	2,882,195	37
3110	Capital surplus	6(17)		2,003,374	71		2,003,374	50	2,002,173	31
3200	Capital surplus	0(17)		1,614,778	23		1,614,778	21	1,600,577	20
3200	Retained earnings	6(18)		1,014,770	23		1,014,770	21	1,000,377	20
3310	Legal reserve	0(10)		170,583	2		101,319	1	101,319	2
3320	Special reserve			1,155	_		910	_	910	_
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			175,440	3		702,441	9	605,189	8
3330	Other equity interest	6(19)		175,440	3		702,441		003,107	O
3400	Other equity interest	0(1))	(	1,989 )	-	(	1,155)	_	( 1,822)	_
3XXX	* *		'	4,845,361	69	\	5,303,687	69	5,188,368	67
JAM	Significant commitments and	9		+,0+2,201	<u> </u>		5,505,007	09	5,100,500	07
	contingencies	7								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		•	7 007 720	100	\$	7 672 174	100	¢ 7 778 222	100
$J\Lambda L\Lambda$	iotai navinties and equity		\$	7,007,729	100	\$	7,672,174	100	\$ 7,778,333	100

# EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

			_	For the three-mon	nth period	ds ended	September	30,	F	or the nine-mor	nth per	iod	s ende	d Septembe	er 30,
			_	2023			2022		_	2023				2022	
Items		Notes	_	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT		%		AMOUNT	%		AM	DUNT	<u>%</u>
4000	Operating revenue	6(20) and 7	5	\$ 1,034,387	100	\$ 1,54	4,038	100	\$	3,210,234	100		\$ 4,	550,300	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4) and 7	(_	924,808 ) (	90)(	1,23	37,970)(	80)	(	2,867,575)	(_89)	) (	3,	652,005)	(_80)
5900	Operating margin		_	109,579	10	30	06,068	20	_	342,659	11			898,295	20
	Operating expenses	6(25)(26)													
		and 7													
6100	Selling and marketing expenses		(	11,388)(	1)(	. 1	6,158)(	1)	(	36,925)	( 1)	) (		47,243)	( 1)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	44,050 ) (	4)(	. 4	17,071)(	3)	(	133,314)	( 4)	) (		135,059)	( 3)
6300	Research and development expenses		(_	20,345)(	2)(	. 2	27,120)(	2)	(	57,070)	(	) (		47,212)	(_1)
6000	Total operating expenses		(	75,783)(	7)(	<u> </u>	00,349)(	6)	(	227,309)	(	) (		229,514)	(5)
6900	Operating profit		_	33,796	3	21	5,719	14		115,350	4			668,781	15
	Non-operating income and expenses														
7100	Interest income	6(21)		6,206	1	3	3,7542	-		22,499	1			7,654	-
7010	Other income	6(22)		10,282	1	1	1,293	1		35,508	1			33,205	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(23)		12,133	1	2	29,263	2	(	823)	-			49,777	1
7050	Finance costs	6(24)	(	8,196)(	1)(		7,530)(	1)	(	22,554)	(	) (		15,061)	(_1)
7000	Total non-operating income and														
	expenses		_	20,425	2		36,780	2		34,630	1			75,575	1
7900	Profit before income tax			54,221	5	25	52,499	16		149,980	5			744,356	16
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)	(_	11,242)(	1)(		50,598)(	3)	(	30,394)	(	) (		148,969)	(3)
8200	Profit for the year		5	\$ 42,979	4	\$ 20	)1,901	13	\$	119,586	4		\$	595,387	13

# EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

			For the three-month peri			iods ended September 30,			For the nine-month periods ended September 30,					er 30,
			2023 2022			2023			2023					
	Items	Notes	AN	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income (loss), net													
	Components of other comprehensive income that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss													
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	6(19)		69			79		(	834 )		(	912)	
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income, net		\$	69		\$	79		( _\$	834 )	<u>-</u>	( \$	912 )	
8500	Total other comprehensive income for the year		\$	43,048	4	\$	201,980	13	\$	118,752	4	\$	594,475	13
	Profit, attributable to:													
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	42,979	4	\$	201,901	13	\$	119,586	4	\$	595,387	13
	Comprehensive income attributable to:													
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	43,048	4	\$	201,980	13	\$	118,752	4_	\$	594,475	13
	Basic earnings per share	6(28)												
9750	Basic earnings per share (in dollars)		\$		0.15	\$		0.70	\$		0.41	\$		2.08
	Diluted earnings per share	6(28)												
9850	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)		\$		0.15	\$		0.69	\$		0.41	\$		2.05

Equity attributable to owners of the parent Capital Reserves Retained Earnings Financial statements translation Unappropriated retained differences of Share capital - Additional paid-Restricted foreign Total equity Notes common stock in capital Warrants stocks Others Legal reserve Special reserve earnings operations Balance at January 1, 2022 \$2,843,767 \$1,300,515 2,260 670 10,494 63,445 389,838 910) \$4,610,079 Profit for the nine-month ended September 30,2022 595,387 595,387 Other comprehensive income (loss) 6(19)912) 912) Total comprehensive income (loss) 595,387 912) 594,475 6(18) Appropriation of 2021 earnings 37,874 Legal reserve 37.874) Special reserve reversed 910 ( 910) Cash dividends 341,252) 341,252) Conversion of convertible bonds 6(13)(16) (17)5,428 25,562 ( 1,418) 29,572 Issuance of corporate bonds 6(13) 21,757 21,757 Cash capital increase 33,000 235,737 6(16)268,737 Compensation cost for cash capital increase retained for employees 6(15)5,000 5,000 Balance at September 30, 2022 \$2,882,195 \$1,566,814 22,599 670 10,494 101,319 910 605,189 1,822) \$5,188,368 Balance at January 1, 2023 \$2,885,394 \$1,581,843 21,757 670 10,508 101,319 910 702,441 1,155) \$5,303,687 Profit for the nine-month ended September 30,2023 119,586 119,586 Other comprehensive income (loss) 6(19) 834) 834) Total comprehensive income (loss) 119,586 834) 118,752 Appropriation of 2022 earnings 6(18)Legal reserve 69,264 69.264) Special reserve reversed 245 ( 245) Cash dividends 577,078) 577,078)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

670

10,508

170,583

1,155

175,440

1,989)

\$4,845,361

21,757

\$2,885,394

\$1,581,843

Balance at September 30, 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	149,980	\$	744,356
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile (profit) loss					
Depreciation expense	6(5)(6)(8)(25)		371,181		330,030
Amortisation expense	6(9)(25)		1,817		2,778
Finance costs	6(24)		22,554		15,061
Interest income	6(21)	(	22,499)	(	7,654)
Dividend income			-	(	1)
Share-based payments	6(15)		-		5,000
Gain on disposal of property, plant and euipment	6(23)	(	1,599)		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable			42,473	(	129,819)
Accounts receivable - related parties			92,173	(	111,315)
Other receivables		(	10,972)	(	10,732)
Other receivables - related parties		(	2,354)		3,451
Inventories			47,947	(	45,240)
Prepayments			40,135	(	40,086)
Other current assets			971	(	1,878)
Changes in operating liabilities					
Contract liabilities		(	33,935)		26,998
Accounts payable		(	70,293)		36,676
Accounts payable - related parties			719	(	76)
Other payables		(	176,118)		20,663
Other payables - related parties		(	4,890)	(	4,675)
Other current liabilities			7,341		4,249
Accrued pension liabilities		(	1,552)	(	1,740)
Cash inflow generated from operations			453,079		836,046
Interest received			21,994		7,713
Dividends received			-		1
Interest paid		(	16,378)	(	8,685)
Income taxes paid		(	107,733)	(	146,851)
Net cash flows from operating activities			350,962		688,224

(Continued)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost	6(2)	(\$	2,622)	(\$	270,000)
Disposal of financial assets at amortised cost			-		670,000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(29)	(	477,444)	(	385,724)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment	6(23)		2,460		-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(	4,629)	(	2,367)
Decrease in refundable deposits			39		65,047
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(	482,196)		76,956
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	6(30)		1,110,530		1,230,337
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(30)	(	802,571)	(	1,229,147)
Issuance of corporate bonds	6(30)		-		500,763
Payments of lease liabilities	6(30)	(	7,295)	(	7,419)
Cash capital increase	6(16)		-		268,737
Cash dividends paid	6(18)	(	577,078)	(	341,252)
Net cash flows (used in)from financing activities		(	276,414)		422,019
Effect of exchange rate changes		(	834)	(	912)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	408,482)		1,186,287
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		2,841,411		1,550,172
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	2,432,929	\$	2,736,459

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

### EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

### 1. History and Organisation

Episil-Precision Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares on October 15, 1998 and was approved by the regulatory authority on November 9, 1998. The primary business activities have been started since December 1999.

The Company merged with Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. on January 11, 2016 in accordance with the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and other related regulations. The Company issued new shares to Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. as consideration for assuming all rights and obligations of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. The conversion ratio for this merger was one common share of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. converting to 1.867876 common shares of the Company, totalling 149,523,473 shares, and the Company was the surviving company. This merger was a reverse takeover under comprehensive assessment. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements were issued under the name of the Company, which was an extension of the subject of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc.

The Company and its subsidiary (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in development, manufacture and sales of silicon epitaxy wafers and compound semiconductor epitaxial wafers.

Episil Technologies Inc. (former name: Episil Holding Inc.) holds 57.86% of the Company's outstanding shares. Episil Technologies Inc. is the Company's ultimate parent company.

### 2. The Date of and Procedures for Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 6, 2023.

### 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and	January 1, 2023
liabilities arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model	May 23,2023
rules'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

# (2) Effect of new, revised or amended IFRSs endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group The IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by FSC with effective date starting 2024:

	Effective date by				
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB				
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024				
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024				
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024				
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier Finance Arrangements'	January 1, 2024				
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position					

### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21, 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange	January 1, 2025
Rates'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unauc (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with Note 4 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, except for the compliance statement, basis of preparations, basis of consolidation and additional policies as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (1) Compliance statement

- A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.
- B. These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.
  - (2) Basis of preparation
- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (b) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. The same principles of consolidation have been applied in the consolidated financial statements as those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business				
investor	subsidiary	activities	September 30,2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	Note
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision SILICON	Sales of	100	100	100	1
	JAPAN Co., Ltd.	epitaxial and				
		silicon wafer				

Note: Because it does not meet the definition of an important subsidiary, its financial statements on September 30,2023 and 2022 have not been reviewed by accountants.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

### (4) Employee benefits

### Pensions

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

### (5) Income taxes

The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of theinterim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

### 5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

There have been no significant changes as of September 30, 2023. Please refer to Note 5 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### 6. Details of Significant Accounts

### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Se	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022
Cash on hand and revolving						
funds	\$	375	\$	422	\$	419
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		450,444		287,133		407,008
Time deposits		1,450,110		1,896,356		1,760,032
Cash equivalents		532,000		657,500		569,000
	\$	2,432,929	\$	2,841,411	\$	2,736,459

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Time deposits with maturity between three months and a year held by the Company were classified as current financial assets at amortised cost.
- C. The Company's cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as collateral for customs guarantee were classified as non-current financial assets at amortised cost. Refer to Note 8.

### (2) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Septer	September 30, 2023		nber 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	
Current items:						
Restricted assets	\$	2,622	\$	-	\$	-
Non-current items:						
Pledged time deposits		13,565		13,565		7,858
	\$	16,187	\$	13,565	\$	7,858

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$16,187, \$13,565 and \$7,858 as at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively.
- B. The counterparties of the Group's investments have good credit risk.

### (3) Notes and accounts receivable

	Sept	ember 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	S	September 30, 2022
Accounts receivable Accounts receivable due from	\$	983,619	\$	1,026,092	\$	1,257,537
related parties		115,626		207,799		303,753
Less: Loss allowance	(	152)	(	152)	(	152)
	\$	1,099,093	\$	1,233,739	\$	1,561,138

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	Septeml	per 30, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022	September 30, 2022			
	Accounts Receivable (including related parties)			Accounts eivable (including elated parties)	Accounts Receivable (including related parties)			
Not past due	\$	949,296	\$	1,110,105	\$	1,478,228		
Up to 30 days		131,046		102,834		81,977		
31 to 90 days		7,140		20,952		1,085		
91 to 180 days		-		-		-		
over 180 days	-	11,763						
	\$	1,099,245	\$	1,233,891	\$	1,561,290		

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, notes and accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,320,004.
- C. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, collaterals held by the Group as security for accounts receivable amounted to \$5,000.
- D. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, without taking into

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was \$1,099,093, \$1,233,739 and \$1,561,138, respectively.

E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

### (4) <u>Inventories</u>

(4) <u>Inventories</u>									
		Septe	mber 30, 2023						
	Allowance for								
	 Cost	va	luation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 463,372	(\$	39,286)	\$	424,086				
Supplies	424,321	(	40,289)		384,032				
Work in progress	55,301	(	1,759)		53,542				
Finished goods	 39,478	(	2,009)		37,469				
	\$ 982,472	( <u>\$</u>	83,343)	\$	899,129				
		Dece	mber 31, 2022						
	Allowance for								
	Cost	va	luation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 554,341	(\$	30,224)	\$	524,117				
Supplies	302,737	(	23,312)		279,425				
Work in progress	80,050	(	3,678)		76,372				
Finished goods	 68,926	(	1,764)		67,162				
	\$ 1,006,054	(\$	58,978)	\$	947,076				
		Septe	mber 30, 2022						
		Al	lowance for						
	Cost	va	luation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 516,964	(\$	24,585)	\$	492,379				
Supplies	290,732	(	37,028)		253,704				
Work in progress	91,683	(	2,352)		89,331				
Finished goods	 80,894	(	2,608)		78,286				
	\$ 980,273	(\$	66,573)	\$	913,700				

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,							
	2023			2022				
Cost of goods sold	\$	927,699	\$	1,250,364				
Ggain from price recovery of inventory	(	3,139	)(	12,394)				
Inventory scrapped		248						
	\$	924,808	\$	1,237,970				
	For the nine-month periods ended September							
		2023		2022				
Cost of goods sold	\$	2,841,935	\$	3,642,196				
Reversal of inventory valuation loss		24,365		8,486				
Inventory scrapped		1,275		1,323				
	\$	2,867,575	\$	3,652,005				

For the three-month periods ended September 30,2023 and 2022, the Group reversed from a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because of the sale of certain inventories which were previously provided with allowance.

### (5) Property, plant and equipment

						2023				
		Buildings and structures		Machiney and equipment	(	Other equipment		Construction in process and equipment to be inspected		Total
At January 1 Cost Accumulated	\$	2,301,420	\$	4,190,767	\$	71,335	\$	268,329	\$	6,831,851
depreciation and impairment	(	1,413,734)	(	3,349,440	) (	60,292)		-	(	4,823,466)
	\$	887,686	\$	841,327	\$	11,043	\$	268,329	\$	2,008,385
At January 1	\$	887,686	\$	841,327	\$	11,043	\$	268,329	\$	2,008,385
Additions		48,604		30,251		10,610		241,081		330,546
Disposals		-	(	861	)	-		-	(	861)
Reclassifications Depreciation		45,197		107,708		-	(	152,905)	)	-
expenses	(	85,505)	(	269,118	(	4,049)			(	358,672)
At September 30	\$	895,982	\$	709,307	\$	17,604	\$	356,505	\$	1,979398
At September 30										
Cost Accumulated	\$	2,392,504	\$	4,318,733	\$	81,914	\$	356,505	\$	7,149.656
depreciation and impairment	(	1,496,522)	(	3,609,426	) (	64,310)		-	(	5,170,258)
_	\$	895,982	\$	709,307	\$	17,604	\$	356,505	\$	1,979,398
				177						

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

					2	2022				
		Buildings and structures	_	Machiney and equipment	_(	Other equipment		Construction in process and equipment to be inspected		Total
At January 1 Cost Accumulated	\$	2,084,553	\$	3,919,301	\$	69,469	\$	128,127	\$	6,201,450
depreciation and impairment	(	1,325,785)	(	3,017, 606)	(	59,028)		<u>-</u>	(	4,402,419)
	\$	758,768	\$	901,695	\$	10,441	\$	128,127	\$	1,799,031
At January 1	\$	758,768	\$	901,695	\$	10,441	\$	128,127	\$	1,799,031
Additions		106,518		131,303		4,036		195,525		437,382
Reclassifications		48,299		81,918		1,888	(	128,127	)	3,978
Depreciation expenses At September 30	(	66,668 ) 846,917	(	246,402) 868,514	(	4,103 ) 12,262	\$	195,525	(	317,173) 1,923,218
At September 30					-					
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$	2,237,689	\$	4,128,664	\$	74,727	\$	195,525	\$	6,636,605
impairment	(	1,390,772)	(	3,260,150)	(	62,465)			(	4,713,387)
	\$	846,917	\$	868,514	\$	12,262	\$	195,525	\$	1,923,218

- A. The Group has no capitalization of interest attributable to the property, plant and equipment for the six-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.
- B. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral.

### (6) Lease transaction – lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets, including land, buildings and structures and machinery and equipment. Lease agreements are typically made for periods of 3 to 50 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise other equipment.

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

220,975 \$

December 31, 2022

Book value

238,144 \$

September 30, 2022

Book value

240,175

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows: September 30, 2023

Book value

\$

Land

Luna	Ψ	220,570	Ψ	250,1	Ψ	210,170		
Buildings and structures		2,841		4,333		5,212		
Machinery and equipment		-		148		260		
	\$	223,816	\$	242,625	\$	245,647		
				<u> </u>		-		
		For the thre	e-month per	iods ended S	September :	30,		
		2023		2022				
	_	Depreciation exp	penses	Depi	reciation ex	xpenses		
Land	\$	-	1,974	\$		2,031		
Buildings and structures			878			886		
Machinery and equipment			_			112		
	\$		2,852	\$		3,029		
		For the nine	e-month peri	iods ended S	eptember 3	30,		
		2023	•		2022			
		Depreciation exp	enses	xpenses				
Land	\$		6,035	\$		6,092		
Buildings and structures			2,632			2,664		
Machinery and equipment			149			335		
	\$		8,816	\$		9,091		
D.For the three-month and nine	e-montl	periods ended S	eptember 30	$\frac{1}{2023}$ and 2	022, the ac	ditions to		
right-of-use assets were \$0,		_	_					
E. Information on profit or loss								
1				iods ended S	Sentember (	30.		
		2023	• monun per	1045 011404 2	2022	<del></del>		
Items affecting profit or		2023						
loss								
Interest expense on lease	Φ		1 272	Ф		1 450		
liabilities Expense on short-term	\$		1,372	\$		1,458		
lease agreements			437			290		
8								
		For the nine	e-month peri	iods ended S	eptember 3	30,		
		2023	•		2022			
Items affecting profit or								
loss Interest expense on lesse								
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$		4,238	\$		4,412		
Expense on short-term	Ŧ		-,===	*		-, · - <b>-</b>		
lease agreements			1,320			1,055		
		10						

- F. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$12,853 and \$12,886, respectively.
- G. Extension and termination options

In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option or not to exercise a termination option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

### (7) Lease arrangements – lessor

- A. The Group leases various assets, including buildings and structures. Lease agreements are typically made for periods of 1 and 20 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required from leasees.
- B. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognised rental revenue in the amounts of \$10,147, \$10,658, \$30,314 and \$32,258, respectively, based on the operating lease agreements, which do not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
2022	\$ -	- \$	\$ 10,333
2023	9,901	40,960	40,960
2024	39,134	40,865	40,865
2025	38,811	40,541	40,541
2026	29,797	31,527	31,527
2027	7,008	8,739	8,739
2028	7,008	8,739	8,739
Over 2029	56,067	69,910	69,909
	\$ 187,726	\$ 241,281	\$ 251,613

### (8) Investment property

		2023	2022		
		Buildings and structures	Buildings and structures		
At January 1					
Cost	\$	206,227 \$	211,322		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(	45,907)(	41,743)		
трантын	\$	160,320 \$			
At January 1	\$	160,320 \$	169,579		
Depreciation expenses	(	3,693)(	3,766)		
Transfer	`	- (	4,263)		
At September 30	\$	156,627 \$			
		2023	2022		
		Buildings and structures	Buildings and structures		
At September 30					
Cost	\$	206,227 \$	206,227		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(	49,600)(	44,677)		
•	\$	156,627 \$	·		
A. Rental revenue from investment prop	erty:				
	•		periods ended September 30,		
		2023	2022		

	For the t	d September 30,				
	2	2023	2022			
Rental revenue from investment property	\$	9,815	\$	10,330		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental		_				
revenue during the period	\$	2,330	\$	2,434		
	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,					
		2023		2022		
Rental revenue from investment property	\$	29,445	\$	21 272		
	Ψ	27,113	Ψ	31,373		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental	<u>*</u>	25,113	Ψ	31,3/3		

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, was \$198,469, \$213,458 and \$211,025, respectively. Valuations were made using the income approach which is categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Key assumptions are as follows:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Sept	ember 30, 2023	De	cember 31, 2022	_ 5	September 30, 2022
Discount rate		11.55%		11.01%		11.28%
Annual rent (net income)	\$	34,475	\$	36,267	\$	36,225
Duration		10 years		10 years		10 years

- C. The Group has no interest capitalisation for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The significant components of investment property include buildings and renovation, which are depreciated over 51 years and 46 years, respectively.
- E. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the Group has no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

### (9) Intangible assets

			20	023			
		omputer oftware	Goodwill		Others		Total
At January 1 Cost Accumulated	\$	5,618	\$ 48,369	\$	39,270	\$	93,257
amortisation	(	3,001)	-	(	37,736)	(	40,737)
	\$	2,617	\$ 48,369	\$	1,534	\$	52,520
At January 1	\$	2,617	\$ 48,369	\$	1,534	\$	52,520
Additions Amortisation		4,000	-		629	,	4,629
expenses	(	1,297)	 	(	520)	(	1,817)
At June 30	\$	5,320	\$ 48,369	\$	1,643	\$	55,332
At June 30							
Cost Accumulated	\$	9,618	\$ 48,369	\$	39,899	\$	97,886
amortisation	(	4,298)	<u>-</u>	(	38,256)	(	42,554)
	\$	5,320	\$ 48,369	\$	1,643	\$	55,332

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			2	022			
		Computer software	Goodwill		Others		Total
At January 1 Cost Accumulated	\$	2,653	\$ 48,369	\$	39,104	\$	90,126
amortisation	(	2,653)	-	(	34,228)	(	36,881)
	\$		\$ 48,369	\$	4,876	\$	53,245
At January 1	\$	-	\$ 48,369	\$	4,876	\$	53,245
Additions		2,199	-		168		2,367
Transfer Amortisation		285	-		-		285
expenses	(	127)	 _	(	2,651)	(	2,778)
At June 30	\$	2,357	\$ 48,369	\$	2,393	\$	53,119
At June 30							
Cost Accumulated	\$	5,137	\$ 48,369	\$	39,272	\$	92,7784
amortisation	(	2,780)	 -	(	36,879)	(	39,659)

A. Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

2,357

	 For the three-month period	ds ended	September	30,	
	2023		2022		
Operating costs General and administrative	\$ 294	\$			994
expenses	422				
	\$ 716	\$			994
	For the nine-month period	ds ended	September	30,	
	 2023		2022		
Operating costs General and administrative expenses	\$ 996	\$			2,778
	 821				
	\$ 1,817	\$			2,778

48,369

2,393

53,119

- B. The Group has no interest capitalisation for the three-month and the nine-month September 30, 2023 and 2022.
- C. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the Group has no intangible assets pledged to others as collateral.

### (10) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	September 30, 2023		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unscured borrowings	\$	486,583	$5.88\% \sim 6.40\%$	None
Type of borrowings		December 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unscured borrowings	\$	178,624	4.10%~6.04%	None
Type of borrowings		September 30, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unscured borrowings	\$	447,473	$2.60\% \sim 4.87\%$	None

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, interest expenses arising from short-term borrowings that were recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$5,048, \$2,732, \$12,855 and \$5,123, respectively.

### (11) Accounts payable

	Septer	mber 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	Se	ptember 30, 2022
Accounts payable	\$	297,442	\$	387,080	\$	449,432
Estimated accounts payable		51,404	. <u> </u>	32,059		70,358
	\$	348,846	\$	419,139	\$	519,790
(12) Other payable						
	Septem	ber 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022	Sep	tember 30, 2023
Accrued expenses-			'	_		_
expendables	\$	94,846	\$	133,352	\$	109,114
Payables for equipment		52,449		199,347		85,339
Accrued expenses-bonus Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration		47,189		122,087		57,956
payable		14,784		84,428		73,605
Accrued expenses-others		90,451		82,565		99,192
	\$	299,719	\$	621,779	\$	425,206

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

### (13) Bonds payable

	Septem	ber 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Septe	ember 30, 2022
The Croup's third secured convertible bonds The Croup's fourth secured	\$	-	\$	-	\$	600,000
convertible bonds		500,000		500,000		500,000
		500,000		500,000		1,100,000
Less: Bonds payable converted Less: Discount on bonds				-	(	582,300)
payable	(	10,610)	(	15,830)	(	17,581)
		489,390		484,170		500,119
Less: Current portion		_		_	(	17,677)
	\$	489,390	\$	484,170	\$	482,442

- A. The issuance terms of the Company's third domestic unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:
  - (a) The regulatory authority has approved the third domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group. The bonds are with a total issuance amount of \$600,000 and a coupon rate of 0%, covering a 3-year period of issuance and a circulation period from October 31, 2019 to October 31, 2022, and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 31, 2019.
  - (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of Episil-Precision Inc. during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
  - (c) The effective date for the conversion price of the convertible was set on October 23, 2019. The conversion price was set up based on multiplying a benchmark price which was the closing price of the Company's common share calculated at simple arithmetic mean of \$52.93 (in dollars) in 3 business days before the effective date (effective date is excluded) by convertible premium rate of 105.04% (round to the nearest tenth). If there is an ex-right or ex-dividend before the pricing effective date, the closing price adopted to calculate conversion price shall be imputed with ex-right or ex-dividend; if there is an ex-right or ex-dividend during the period that the conversion price was set up but prior to share issuance, the conversion price shall be adjusted based on the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price was NT\$55.6 (in dollars) per share based on the aforementioned method.
  - (d) All convertible bonds repurchased, redeemed or converted by the Company from securities trading markets shall be retired, which are not allowed to resell or reissue, and conversion rights attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
  - (e) As of October 31, 2022, the bonds totaling \$599,700 (face value) had been converted into

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

10,838 thousand shares of common stock.

- B. The issuance terms of the Company's forth domestic unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:
  - (a) The regulatory authority has approved the fourth domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company. The bonds are with a total issuance amount of \$500,000 and a coupon rate of 0%, covering a 3-year period of issuance and a circulation period from March 29, 2022 to March 29, 2025, and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on March 29, 2022.
  - (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
  - (c) The effective date for the conversion price of the convertible was set on March 21, 2022. The conversion price was set up based on multiplying a benchmark price which was the closing price of the Company's common share calculated at simple arithmetic mean in 1, 3 or 5 business day(s) before the effective date (effective date is excluded) by convertible premium rate of 109.22% (round to the nearest tenth). If there is an ex-right or ex-dividend before the pricing effective date, the closing price adopted to calculate conversion price shall be imputed with ex-right or ex-dividend; if there is an ex-right or ex-dividend during the period that the conversion price was set up but prior to share issuance, the conversion price shall be adjusted based on the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price was NT\$128 (in dollars) per share based on the aforementioned method. The company paid a cash dividend, and the conversion price was adjusted to NT\$122.4 from July 12, 2023.
  - (d) All convertible bonds repurchased, redeemed or converted by the Company from securities trading markets shall be retired, which are not allowed to resell or reissue, and conversion rights attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- C. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options were separated from the liability component and were recognised in "Capital surplus-warrants" in accordance with IAS 32. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the carrying amounts were \$21,757, \$21,757 and \$842, repectively.

### (14) Pensions

A. (a) The Group (excluding overseas subsidiary) has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the

average monthly salaries and wages of the last month prior to retirement. The Group contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the pension fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent pension fund committee. Also, the Group would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Group (excluding overseas subsidiary) will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

- (b) The pension costs recognized by the Group according to the above pension regulations for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$258, \$179, \$774 and \$537, respectively.
  - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$3,129.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$7,186, \$7,099, \$21,877 and \$20,614, respectively.

### (15) Share based payment

A. For the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vestiong conditions
Cash capital increase retained for employees' subscription	2022.04.27	495	NA	Immediately vested

B. The Group increased its capital by issuing 3.3 million common shares and reserved 15% of the shares issued this time, that is 495 thousand shares, for subscription by employees at \$82(in dollars) per share in accordance with the requirements of the Article 267 of the Company Act. The fair value of share-based payment amounting to \$5,000 was assessed based on market approach, and was recognised as compensation cost.

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

C. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	For the three-month per	For the three-month periods ended September 30,				
	2023	2022				
Equity-settled		5,000				
	For the nine-month peri	ods ended September 30,				
	2023	2022				
Equity-settled	-	5,000				

### (16) Share capital

A. TAs of September 30, 2023, the Group's authorised capital was \$5,000,000, consisting of 500,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$2,885,394 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Unit: thousand shares)

Unit: thousand shares	2023	2022
At Juanary 1	288,539	284,376
Cash capital increase	-	3,300
Conersion of convertible bonds	_	543
At September 30	288,539	288,219

B. The Company's Board of Directors resolved the capital increase by issuing 3.3 million new shares with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share on February 14, 2022. The capital increase was approved by the regulatory authority on March 15, 2022. In addition, the Chairman was authorised to set the issuance price at NT\$82 (in dollars) according to the relevant and market conditions. The total amount of the capital increase was \$270,600 and the effective date was set on April 14, 2022. The capital increase had been registered on June 28, 2022.

### (17) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient..

### (18) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, and setting aside or reversal for special reserve in accordance with related laws, if any. The Board of Directors should propose the distribution of the remaining earnings based on the Company's dividend policy for the approval of the shareholders.

A company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the dividends and bonus all or partially distributed in the form of cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders during their meeting, which is not subject to the rules in relation to the resolution of shareholders' meeting.

- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below: as the Company operates in high-tech industries and is in the stable growth stage, to take into consideration the business environment and growing stage of the Company and meet future capital requirements, long-term financial plan and fulfil shareholders' requirement for cash flows. The current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the form of cash dividends not lower than 10% of total cash and stock dividends and bonus to be distributed.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. On May 31, 2023, the shareholders during their meeting resolved to distribute 2022 earnings and On June 21, 2022, the shareholders during their meeting resolved to distribute 2021 earnings Details are summarised below:

	Year ended December 31, 2022					
		Amount	Dividend per share (in dollars)			
Legal reserve	\$	69,264				
Special reserve		245				
Cash dividends		577,058	\$ 2.0			
	\$	646,567				
		Year ende Amount	d December 31, 2021 Dividend per share (in dollars)			
Legal reserve	\$	37,874	(in define)			
Special reserve	,	910				
Cash dividends		341, 252	\$ 1.2			
	\$	380,036				

E. The number of the Company's shares outstanding has changed because the Company increased capital by issuing new shares and certain creditors proposed to convert the third domestic unsecured convertible bonds. With the total amount of cash dividends distributed held constant,

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

the Board of Directors resolved to adjust the distribution ratio of cash dividends as NT\$1.18483932 (in dollars) per share on June 28, 2022.

### (19) Other equity items

		2023		2022		
		Financial statements translation difference of foreign operations		Financial statements translation difference of foreign operations		
At January 1	(\$	1,155)	(\$	910)		
-Group	(	834)	( _	912)		
At September 30	(\$	1,989)	(\$_	1,822)		

### (20) Operating revenue

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,					
		2023		2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	1,034,387	\$	1,544,038		
		For the nine-month periods ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	3,210,234	\$	4,550,300		

### A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023	Silicon epitaxy wafers		Others		Total		
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition	\$	1,029,713	\$	4,674	\$	1,034,387	
At a point in time	\$	1,029,713	\$	4,674	\$	1,034,387	
For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2022	Si	licon epitaxy wafers		Others		Total	
Revenue from external customer contracts  Timing of revenue recognition	\$	1,542,133	\$	1,905	\$	1,544,038	
At a point in time	\$	1,542,133	\$	1,905	\$	1,544,038	

For the nine-month periods

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Silicon epitaxy

ended September 30, 2023		wafers		Others		Total	
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition	\$	3,197,277	\$	12,957	\$	3,210,234	<u> </u>
At a point in time	\$	3,197,277	\$	12,957	\$	3,210,234	<u> </u>
For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2022	S	ilicon epitaxy wafers		Others		Total	_
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition	\$	4,542,125	\$	8,175	\$	4,550,300	<u>)</u>
At a point in time	\$	4,542,125	\$	8,175	\$	4,550,300	<u>)</u>
B. Contract liabilities  (a) The Group has recognised	d the f	Collowing reven	ue-rela	ted contract lia	abilities:		
September		C				January	1, 2022
Contract liabilities:							
Contract liabilities – advance sales receipts §	85,	704 \$	119,6	39 \$	160,691	\$	133,693
(b) Revenue recognised that	t was	included in the	contra	ct liabilities ba	lance at	the beginni	ng of
the period		For the	thmaa .	manth maniada	andad C	antanah an 20	<b>)</b>
			)23	month periods	ended S	2022	),
Revenue recognised that vincluded in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period		\$	<i>J23</i>	- \$		2022	21,991
oegiming of the period			nine-r	month periods	ended Se	entember 30	
			)23	Homen periods	enaca st	2022	·•
Revenue recognised that vincluded in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period	vas	\$		- \$			64,348
or the period		*		Ψ			0 1,5 10
(21) <u>Interest income</u>		For	tha thr	aa manth narid	ode anda	d Santamba	20
			202	ee-month perio	ous cilue	2022	1 30,
Interest income from bank depos	its	\$			\$		3,754
		~31~					

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,								
		2023		2022					
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	22,499	\$	7,654					
(22) Other income									
		nded September 30,							
		2023		2022					
Rental revenue	\$	10,147	\$	10,658					
Other income, others		135		635					
	\$	10,282	\$	11,293					
	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,								
		2023		2022					
Rental revenue	\$	30,314	\$	32,258					
Dividend income		-		1					
Other income, others		5,194		946					
	\$	35,508	\$	33,205					
(23) Other gains and losses									
	For the three-month periods ended September 3								
		2023		2022					
Net currency exchange gains	\$	15,028	\$	32,701					
Depreciation on investment property	(	1,231)	(	1,241)					
Other losses	(	1,664)	(	2,197)					
	\$	12,133)	\$	29,263					
		For the nine-month periods ended September 30,							
		2023		2022					
Net currency exchange gains Gains on disposals of property, plant and	\$	9,451	\$	60,173					
equipment		1,599		-					
Depreciation on investment property	(	3,693)	(	3,766)					
Other losses	(	8,180)	`	6,630)					
	(\$	823)		49,777					

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

### (24) Finance costs

(24) Thance costs	Fo	r the three-month per	iods end	ed Sentember 30	
		2023	rous che	2022	
Interest expense:			-		
Banking borrowings	\$	5,048	\$	2,732	
Bonds payable		1,746		1,825	
Lease liabilites		1,372		1,458	
Other		30		1,515	
	\$	8,196	\$	7,530	
	Fo	or the nine-month peri	iods end	ed September 30,	
		2023		2022	
Interest expense:					
Banking borrowings	\$	12,855	\$	5,123	
Bonds payable		5,220		3,808	
Lease liabilites		4,238		4,412	
Other		91		1,546	
Other finance expenses		150		172	
	\$	22,554	\$	15,061	
(25) Expenses by nature	'	_		_	
	F	or the three-month pe	riods en	ded September 30,	
		2023		2022	
Employee benefit expense	\$	181,441	\$	243,607	
Depreciation expenses		126,992		111,831	
Amortisation expenses on intangible assets		716		994	
	F		riods ended September 30,		
	<del>.</del>	2023		2022	
Employee benefit expense	\$	578,785	\$	700,127	
Depreciation expenses		371,181		330,030	
Amortisation expenses on intangible assets		1,817		2,778	
(26) Employee benefit expense					
(-0) ====================================	F	or the three-month pe	riods en	ded Sentember 30	
		2023	2022		
Wages and salaries	\$	146,570	\$	206,092	
Labour and health insurance fees	Ψ	15,761	Ψ	15,571	
Pension costs		7,444		7,278	
Other personnel expenses		11,666		14,666	
c mar personner empenses	\$	181,441	-	243,607	
	4	101,111	Ψ	2 13,007	

FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,						
		2023		2022			
Wages and salaries	\$	470,314	\$	583,201			
Employee stock options		-		5,000			
Labour and health insurance fees		46,260		43,071			
Pension costs		22,651		21,151			
Other personnel expenses		39,560		47,704			
	\$	578,785	\$	700,127			

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration shall be calculated based on current year's earnings, which should first be used to cover accumulated deficits, if any, and then, not less than 5% for employees' compensation and not more than 2% for directors' remuneration.
  - Employees' compensation can be distributed by stock or dividends, including distributions to certain qualifying employees within the Group.
- B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$4,723, \$22,187, \$13,141 and \$65,427, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$591, \$2,773, \$1,643 and \$8,178, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses and other expenses.
  - The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 8%, 1%, 8% and 1% of earnings for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Employees' compensation of \$75,047 and directors' remuneration of \$9,381 for the year ended December 31, 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2022 financial statements. Abovementioned employees' compensation of 2022 will be distributed in the form of cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System".

### (27) Income tax

### A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

For the three-month periods ended September 30,					
	2023	2022			
\$	11,242	\$	50,598		
	<u>-</u>				
	11,242		50,598		
	<u>-</u>				
	_		<u>-</u>		
\$	11,242	\$	50,598		
For	the nine-month peri	iods end	ed September 30, 2022		
\$	30,394	\$	148,969		
	<u>-</u>				
	30,394		148,969		
	_		_		
\$	30,394	\$	148,969		
	\$ For	\$ 11,242	\$ 11,242 \$ \\ \[ \frac{1}{11,242} \] \[ \frac		

- (b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income: None.
- B. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

### (28) Earning earnings per share

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,2023					
			numb	hted average er of ordinary s outstanding	E	arnings per share
	Amo	ount after tax	(share	in thousands)		(in dollars)
Basic loss per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	42,979		288,539	\$	0.15
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	42,979		288,539		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation				86		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all						
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	42,979	\$	288,625	\$	0.15
		For the three-i	Weig numb	riods ended Sep hted average er of ordinary s outstanding		per 30,2022 arnings per share
	Amo	ount after tax		in thousands)	L.	(in dollars)
Basic loss per share				<i></i>		/
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	201,901		288,077	\$	0.70
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	201,901		288,077		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation		-		391		
Convertible bonds Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all		1,460		4,234		
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	203,361	\$	292,702	\$	0.69

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		For the nine-n	nonth periods ended Sep	temb	per 30,2023
	<b>A</b>		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	E	Carnings per share
Pagia logg par ghara	Amo	ount after tax	(share in thousands)		(in dollars)
Basic loss per share Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	119,586	288,539	\$	0.41
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	119,586	288,539		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Employees' compensation			435		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all					
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	119,586	\$ 288,974	\$	0.41
		For the nine-n	nonth periods ended Sep Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		
	Amo	For the nine-n	Weighted average		carnings per share (in dollars)
Basic loss per share	Amo		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		arnings per share
Basic loss per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amo		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		arnings per share
Profit attributable to ordinary	Amo	ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent		ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary	\$	595,387	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)  285,998	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all	\$	595,387	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)  285,998	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation  Convertible bonds	\$	595,387	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)  285,998	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation	\$	595,387 595,387	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)  285,998  1,006	E	Carnings per share (in dollars)

For the three-month and for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023, the Company's issued convertible bonds had anti-dilutive effect, thus, they were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

#### (29) Supplemental cash flow information

#### A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,						
		2023		2022			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	330,546	\$	437,382			
Add: Beginning balance of payables on equipment Less: Ending balance of payables on		199,347		33,681			
equipment	(	52,449)	)(	85,339)			
Cash paid during the year	\$	477,444	\$	385,724			

#### B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects:

	For the nine-mor	nth periods ende	ed September 30,
	2023		2022
Convertible bonds being converted to			
capital stocks	\$	<u>-</u> \$	29,572

#### (30) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term		Lease liabilities	_	Guarantee deposits- received	1	Bonds payable	f	oilities inancin activitie	ıg
At January 1 Changes in cash flow from	\$ 178,624	\$	252,494	\$	8,095	\$	484,170	\$	92	3,383
financing activities	307,959	(	7,295	)	-		-		30	0,664
Interest paid	-	(	4,238	)	-		-	(		4,238)
)Interest expense	-		4,238		-		5,220			9,458
Changes in other non-cash items	 <u>-</u>	(	9,994	) _	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	(		9,994)
At September 30	\$ 486,583	\$	235,205	\$	8,095	\$	489,390	\$	1,21	9,273
	 ort-term rrowings	1	Lease liabilities		Guarantee deposits- received	Во	onds payable	Cash capital increase		iabilities from financing activities
At January 1 Changes in cash flow from	\$ 446,283	\$	261,346	\$	8,290	\$	46,878	\$	- !	762,797
financing activities	1,190 (		7,419)		-		500,763		-	494,534
Interest paid	- (		4,412)		-		-		- (	4,412 )
Interest expense	-		4,412		-		3,808		-	8,220
Option exercised	-		-		-	(	29,572)		- (	29,572 )
Cash capital increase	-		-		-		-	268,7	737	268,737
Changes in other non-cash items	 		1,055		<u> </u>	(	21,758)	5,0	000 (	15,703 )
At September 30	\$ 447,473	\$	254,982	\$	8,290	\$	500,119	\$ 273,7	37 \$!	1,484,601

#### 7. Related Party Transactions

#### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company's ultimate parent company is Episil Technologies Inc. (former name: Episil Holding Inc.) holds 57.86% of the Company's outstanding shares.

#### (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties		Company				
Episil Technologies Inc.	The parent company					
Episil Technologies Inc.(Shanghai)	The parent company's indirect wholly-owned sbusidiary					
Hermes-Epitek Corp.		The parent company's d Corp.'s director		-		
Taiwan Hi-Tech Corp.	Investee of the parent company accounted for using equity method					
(3) Significant related party transactions						
A. Operating revenue						
B.	For the three-month periods ended September 30,					
		2023		2022		
Sales of goods:	'					
-The parent company	\$	66,546	\$	173,941		
-Affiliate company		1,188		106		
	\$	67,734	\$	174,047		
		For the nine-month per	riods ende	ed September 30,		
		2023		2022		
Sales of goods:						
-The parent company	\$	245,697	\$	544,936		
-Affiliate company		2,858		419		
		248,555	\$	545,355		

#### C. Purchases

	For th	e three-month per	iods ended S	eptember 30,	
		2023		2022	
Purchases of goods:					
-The parent company	\$	3,002	\$	1,478	
-Affiliate company		2,102		-	
Purchases of services:					
-The parent company		3,195		3,407	
	\$	8,299	\$	4,885	
	For th	ne nine-month peri	iods ended Se	eptember 30, 2022	
Purchases of goods:					
-The parent company	\$	4,103	\$	8,067	
-Affiliate company		3,765		-	
Purchases of services:					
-The parent company		9,628		9,885	
	\$	17,496	\$	17,952	

The price and terms on purchase are available to third parties and the payment term is 30 to 90 days after monthly billings.

#### C. Receivables from related parties

	September 30, 2023		Dece	December 31, 2022		ember 30, 2022
Accounts receivable: -The parent company	\$	114,788	\$	207,799	\$	303,753
-Affiliate company		838		-		_
		115,626		207,799		303,753
Other receivables:						
- Affiliate company	\$	10,826	\$!	8,472	\$	8,399

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods and service provision transactions. The receivables are due 3 months after the date of sale.

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

#### D. Payables to related parties

	September 30, 2023		Dec	cember 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	
Accounts payable:						
-The parent company	\$	336	\$	811	\$	1,540
- Affiliate company		2,268		1,074		_
		2,604		1,885		1,540
Other payable:						
-The parent company	\$	4,481	\$	5,037	\$	5,975
- Affiliate company		26,712		31,046		27,531
	\$	31,193	\$	36,083	\$	33,506

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase of services, and the payment terms are made under mutual agreement.

Other payables mainly refer to payables for service fees and processing fees.

#### E. Lease transactions

- (a) For the three-month periods and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, rental revenue arising from leasing certain buildings and structures to affiliate companies amounted to \$1,846, \$2,279, \$5,537 and \$6,835, respectively, which is collected monthly.
- (b) For the three-month periods and nine-month periods end September 30, 2023 and 2022, rental expense due to leasing certain buildings and structures from affiliate companies amounted to \$31, \$31, \$92 and \$92, respectively, which is paid monthly.

#### F. Others (Shown as "Operating costs" and "Operating expenses")

For the three-month periods ended Septem								
	2023		2022					
\$	42,646	\$	32,536					
Fo	r the nine-month per	iods ended S	September 30,					
	2023		2022					
\$	120,489	\$	94,833					
sation_	_							
For	the three-month per	iods ended S	September 30,					
	2023		2022					
\$	14,421	\$	8,164					
	143		54					
\$	14,564	\$	8,218					
	\$  Sation For	\$ 42,646  For the nine-month per 2023  \$ 120,489  sation  For the three-month per 2023  \$ 14,421 143	\$ 42,646 \$  For the nine-month periods ended \$ 2023  \$ 120,489 \$  sation  For the three-month periods ended \$ 2023  \$ 14,421 \$ 143					

### EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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	F	For the nine-month per	ed September 30,	
		2023		2022
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	28,648	\$	19,302
Post-employment benefits		427		162
	\$	29,075	\$	19,464

#### 8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	September 30, 2023		Decem	ber 31, 2022	Septemb	per 30, 2022	Purpose	
Restricted assets (shown as "Current financial assets at amortised cost")	\$	2,622	\$	-	\$	-	Customs deposits	
Pledged time deposits (shown as "Non-Current financial assets at amortised cost")		13,565		13,565		7,858	Customs deposits and guarantee deposits for leases	
	\$	16,187	\$	13,565	\$	7,858		

### 9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

#### (1) Contingencies

None.

#### (2) Commitments

Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	Se	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	 September 30, 2022	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	438,113	\$	342,084	\$ 470,461	

#### 10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

#### 11. Significant Events after the Reporting Period

None.

#### 12. Others

#### (1) Capital management

There are no material changes in the current period. Please refer to Note 12 to the 2022 year end Consolidated Financial Statements of the Republic of China.

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

#### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Financial instruments by category

	Sej	otember, 2023	]	December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Financial assets at amortised cost		16,187		13,565		7,858
Cash and cash equivalents		2,432,929		2,841,411		2,736,459
Accounts receivable		983,467		1,025,940		1,257,385
Accounts receivable due from related parties		115,626		207,799		303,753
Other receivables Other receivables due from related		39,060		27,584		26,832
parties		10,826		8,472		8,399
Refundable guarantee deposits		1,070		1,109		1,086
-	\$	3,599,165	\$	4,125,880	\$	4,341,772
	Sept	ember 30, 2023	]	December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	ф	407.502	Ф	170 (24	Ф	447 472
Short-term borrowings	\$	486,583		178,624	\$	447,473
Accounts payable		348,846		419,139		519,790
Accounts payable to related parties		2,604		1,885		1,540
Other payables		299,719		621,779		425,206
Other payables to related parties Bonds payable (including current		31,193 489,390		36,083 484,170		33,506 500,119
portion)		8,095		8,095		8,290
Guarantee deposits received	\$	1,666,430		1,749,775	•	1,935,924
T 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
Lease liabilities	\$	235,205	\$	252,494	\$	254,982

#### B. Policy of risk management

There are no material changes in the current period. Please refer to Note 12 to the 2022 year end Consolidated Financial Statements of the Republic of China.

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

Exchange rate risk

i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiary using various functional currencies, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from future

commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.

- ii. Management has set up policies to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currencies. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure through coordination with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and JPY expenditures. Borrowing liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are adopted to minimise the volatility of the foreign exchange.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and the subsidiary's functional currency: JPY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	September 30, 2023							
	For	eign currency						
		amount		Book value				
	(i	n thousands)	Exchange rate	(NTD)				
(Foreign currency: functional	·			-				
currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	21,479	32.277	\$ 693,278				
JPY:NTD		16,468	0.216	3,557				
RMB:NTD		35,164	4.415	155,249				
USD: JPY		4,539	149.154	146,505				
Non-monetary items: None.								
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	20,908	32.277	\$ 674,848				
JPY:NTD		28,536	0.216	6,164				
RMB:NTD		9,956	4.415	43,956				
Non-monetary items: None.								

December 31, 2022 Foreign currency Book value amount (in thousands) Exchange rate (NTD) (Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial assets Monetary items \$ USD:NTD 37,261 30.720 \$ 1,144,658 15,532 JPY:NTD 0.233 3,619 RMB:NTD 4.406 13,285 58,534 USD: JPY 1,833 132.016 56,310 Non-monetary items: None. Financial liabilities Monetary items \$ **USD:NTD** 15,395 472,934 30.720 \$ JPY:NTD 41,915 0.233 9,766 4.406 74,127 RMB:NTD 16,824 Non-monetary items: None. September 30, 2022 Foreign currency Book value amount (NTD) (in thousands) Exchange rate (Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial assets Monetary items \$ 35,757 USD:NTD 31.755 \$ 1.135,463 JPY:NTD 10,661 0.220 2,348 13,505 60,502 RMB:NTD 4.480 USD: JPY 2,047 144.210 64,994 Non-monetary items: None. Financial liabilities Monetary items **USD:NTD** \$ 21,978 31.755 \$ 697,942 JPY:NTD 39,653 0.220 8,732 RMB:NTD 28,601 4.480 128,131

iv. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variations on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$15,028, \$32,701, \$9,451 and \$60,173, respectively.

Non-monetary items: None.

v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variations:

	Ye	Year ended September 30, 2					
	Change in		Effect on	Effect on other comprehensive			
	exchange rate		profit (loss)	income			
(Foreign currency: functional							
currency)							
<u>Financial assets</u>							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	6,933	\$			
JPY:NTD	1%		36				
RMB:NTD	1%		1,552				
USD: JPY	1%		1,465				
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	(\$	6,748)	\$			
JPY:NTD	1%	(	62)				
RMB:NTD	1%	(	440)				
		ai Cii	ded September 30,	Effect on other			
	Change in		Effect on	comprehensive			
	Change in exchange rate		Effect on profit (loss)				
(Foreign currency: functional	_			comprehensive			
currency)	_			comprehensive			
currency) <u>Financial assets</u>	_			comprehensive			
currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	exchange rate	- —	profit (loss)	income income			
currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> USD:NTD	exchange rate	\$	profit (loss) 11,355	comprehensive			
currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD	exchange rate  1% 1%	\$	profit (loss)  11,355 23	income income			
currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD	exchange rate  1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	profit (loss)  11,355 23 605	income income			
currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD USD: JPY	exchange rate  1% 1%	\$	profit (loss)  11,355 23	income income			
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD USD: JPY Financial liabilities	exchange rate  1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	profit (loss)  11,355 23 605	income income			
currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  JPY:NTD  RMB:NTD  USD: JPY  Financial liabilities  Monetary items	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%		profit (loss)  11,355 23 605 650	s -			
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD USD: JPY Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	profit (loss)  11,355 23 605 650	s .			
currency) Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD JPY:NTD RMB:NTD USD: JPY Financial liabilities Monetary items	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%		profit (loss)  11,355 23 605 650	\$ -			

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#### Price risk

- i. The Group's investments in equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by a domestic company. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee company. If the prices of these equity securities had increased /decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, fair value adjustment would have increased/decreased both by \$2, as a result of the price change on equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term borrowings with floating rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the six-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at floating rates were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars, US dollars and Japanese yen.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate of New Taiwan dollars and US dollars had increased/decreased by 0.25% with all other variables held constant, loss after tax For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, would have increased/decreased by \$912 and \$839, respectively. Changes in interest expense mainly due from floating-rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's perspective. Only rated banks with an optimal rating and financial institutes with investment grade are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual credit limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, and the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
  - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

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- (ii) For investments in bonds that are traded over the counter, if any external credit rating agency rates these bonds as investment grade, the credit risk of these financial assets
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties of the issuer;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;

is treated low.

- (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group categorised accounts receivable in accordance with credit risk and applied the modified approach using a provision matrix to estimate the expected credit loss.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- viii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, September 30 2022, the provision matrix is as follows:

		Up to 30 days	31~90 days	91~180 day	S	over 180 days				
	 Not past due	past due	past due	past due		past due	In	dividual		Total
At September 30, 2023										
Expected loss rate	0.01%	0.01%	0.12%	0.71%		0.12%	0.	12%~4.84%		
Total book value	\$ 908,959 \$	125,537 \$	- \$		- \$	11,763	\$	52,986	\$	1,099,245
Loss allowance	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	-	(	( 152)	(	152)
At December 31, 2022										
Expected loss rate	0.01%	0.01%	0.13%	0.77%		0.12%	0.	12%~5.26%		
Total book value	\$ 1,054,418 \$	76,720 \$	148 \$		- \$	-	\$	102,605	\$	1,233,891
Loss allowance	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	-	(	( 152)	(	152)
At September 30, 2022										
Expected loss rate	0.00%	0.01	0.13%	0.79%		0.12%	0.	12%~5.42%		
Total book value	\$ 1,381,157 \$	27,398 \$	1,085 \$		- \$	-	\$	151,650	\$	1,561,290
Loss allowance	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	-	(	( 152)	(	152)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2023					
	Accounts receivable					
At January 1 / September 30,	\$ 15	52				
	2022					
	Accounts receivable					
At January 1 / September 30,	\$ 15	<u>52</u>				

#### (c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management will be appropriately used and invested. The chosen instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at September 30, 2023, December 31,2022 and September 30,2022, the Group held money market position of \$2,432,554, \$2,840,989 and \$2,736,040, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

#### iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	September 30, 2023		De	ecember 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	
Floating rate:						
Expiring within one year	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	150,462
Fixed rate:						
Expiring within one year		1,148,025		1,423,438		754,468
	\$	1,148,025	\$	1,623,438	\$	904,930

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

community date.		T .1		<b>D</b>	ъ.		
Non-derivative financial liabilities		Less than 1 year		Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years		Over
		1 year		1 and 2 years	2 and 3 years		5 years
September 30, 2023	Ф	406.502	Φ		th.	Φ.	
Short-term borrowings	\$	486,583	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)		351,450		-	-		-
Other payables (including related parties)		330,912		-	-		-
Lease liabilities		12,877		11,828	33,954		263,248
Bonds payable		-		500,000	-		-
Guarantee deposits received		-		-	8,095		-
		Less than		Between	Between		Over
Non-derivative financial liabilities		1 year	_	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	_	5 years
December 31, 2022							
Short-term borrowings	\$	178,624	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)		421,024		-	-		-
Other payables (including related parties)		657,862		-	-		-
Lease liabilities		15,193		12,403	35,185		285,310
Bonds payable		-		-	500,000		-
Guarantee deposits received		-		-	8,095		-
		Less than		Between	Between		Over
Non-derivative financial liabilities		1 year		1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years		5years
September 30, 2022							
Short-term borrowings	\$	447,473	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)		521,330		-	-		-
Other payables (including related parties)		458,712		-	-		-
Lease liabilities		15,367		13,122	35,320		288,215
Bonds payable		17,700		-	500,000		-
Guarantee deposits received		195		-	8,095		-

#### (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in beneficiary certificates is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset

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or liability, either directly or indirectly.

- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(8).
- C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
  - (a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values.

				Septe	mbe	r 30	, 2023		
							Fair value		
		Book value		Level 1			Level 2		Level 3
Financial liabilities:									
Bonds payable	\$	489,390	\$			\$	490,750	\$	
	December 31, 2022								
							Fair value		
		Book value		Level 1		ī	Level 2		Level 3
Financial liabilities:									
Bonds payable	\$	484,170	\$			\$	485,450	\$	
				Septe	mbe	r 30	, 2022		
							Fair value		
		Book value		Level 1			Level 2		Level 3
Financial liabilities:									
Bonds payable	\$	500,119	\$			\$	499,279	\$	

(b) The methods and assumptions of fair value estimate are as follows:

Bonds payable: The fair value of the convertible bonds issued by the Group was estimated by the Binomial-Tree approach to convertible bonds.

- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:
  - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

September 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota	.1
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					
income Unlisted stocks	¢	- <b>\$</b>	- <b>\$</b>	17 ¢	17
Uninsted Stocks	Ф	<b>-</b> Þ	<b>-</b> Þ	1/ 🌣	1 /

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December 31, 2022	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	 Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Unlisted stocks	\$	- \$		- \$	17	\$ 17
September 30, 2022	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	 Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Unlisted stocks	\$	\$		_ \$	17	\$ 17

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

Listed shares Closing-end fund

Market quoted price Closing price Closing price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Foreign exchange forward contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not

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be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. As a result, the estimate generated by valuation model will be slightly adjusted based on additional inputs, such as model risk and liquidity risk. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.

- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022	
	Equity instruments	Equity instruments	
At January 1/ September 30 §	17	\$	17

- F. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Group treasury is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

value measurement:

I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair

	Fair value at September 30, 202	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.
Non-derivative equity	Fair value at December 31, 202	Valuation 2 technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
instrument: Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.
Non-derivative equity	Fair value at September 30, 202	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
instrument: Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.

J. The Group has assessed the valuation models and assumptions carefully used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			September 30, 2023					
			Recognised	Recognised in profit or loss		nised in other ensive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	$\pm 1\%$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2	(\$ 2)		
				December 31, 2022				
					Recognised in other			
			Recognised	in profit or loss	compreh	ensive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	$\pm 1\%$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2	(\$ 2)		

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				Septemb	per 30, 2022	
			Recognised	in profit or loss	_	nised in other ensive income
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> 2	(\$ 2)

#### 13. Supplementary Disclosures

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 1.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 2.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 4.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 5.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China: None.
- (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to Note 6.

#### 14. Segment Information

#### (1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The chief operating decision-maker, who assesses performance and allocates resources of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

#### (2) Segment Information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	For	the nine-month peri	ods endec	s ended September 30,		
		2023	2022			
Revenue from external customers	\$	3,210,234	\$	4,550,300		
Inter-company revenue	\$	294,139	\$	192,544		
Segment (loss) income	\$	149,980	\$	744,356		
Segment assets	\$	7,007,729	\$	7,778,333		
Segment liabilities	\$	2,162,368	\$	2,589,965		

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

None.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

September 30, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				As of September 30, 2023				
	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General	Number of shares				Footnote
Securities held by	( Note 1 )	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value (Note	Ownership (%)	Fair value	(Note 4)
Episil-Precision Inc.	Dah Chung Bills Fiance Corpcommon	None	Financial assets at fair value	1,109	\$ 17	0 \$	17	
	shares		through other comprehensive					
			income-non-current					

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IFRS9. "Financial instruments".

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

#### Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

8.99% 90-180 days after

monthly billings

Table 2

Purchaser/seller

Episil-Precision Inc.

Episil-Precision Inc.

Expressed in thousands of NTD

14.54%

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Trans	action			to third party ns (Note 1)	 Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	
	Percentage of					Percentage of total	
	total purchases					notes/accounts	
Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	 Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
\$ 245,697	7.65%	30-90 days after monthly billings	-	Gerneral terms	\$ 114,788	10.44%	(Note 2)

- Gerneral terms

159,805

Differences in transaction terms

Note 1: Processing and returning materials provided by customers (related parties) were excluded from purchase/sales.

Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary

Counterparty

Episil Technologies Inc.

Relationship

with the

counterparty

Parent

company

Purchases

(sales)

(Sales)

(Sales)

Note 2:Episil Holding Inc. (former name) merged with its subsidiary, Episil Technologies Inc. Afterthe merger, Episil Holding Inc. was the surviving company while Episil Technologies Inc. was the dissolved company. The merger effective date September 1, 2021. Meanwhile, Episil Holding Inc. was renamed to Episil Technologies Inc.

288,600

### Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more September 30, 2023

Expressed in thousands of NTD

balance sheet date

Table 3

								(Except	as otherwise indicated)
				ance of				Amount collected	
			accounts	receivables of	Turnover	Overdue	receivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	related par	ties (Note1)	rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
Episil-Precision Inc.	Episil Technologies Inc.	Parent company	\$	114,788	2.03	\$ 42,175	Amountcollected	\$ 35,774	\$ -
							subsequent to the		
							balance sheet date		
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		159,805	3.29	-	Amountcollected	-	-
							subsequent to the		

Note 1: Please rely on the accounts receivable, bills, other receivables... etc.

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

						11011000011011	
							consolidated
							total operating
Number			Relationship		Amount		revenues or total assets
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(註2)	General ledger account	(註3)	Transaction terms	(Note 4)
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Operating revenue	288,600	Gerneral terms	8.99%
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Operating costs	5,539	Gerneral terms	0.17%
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	159,805	90~180 days after monthly billings	2.28%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the year when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated by total consolidated revenues during the year when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense.

Note 4: Only transaction amount that exceeds \$1 million will be disclosed, otherwise will not be disclosed.

#### Information on investees

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

									Net profit (loss)	(loss) recognized by	
				Initial investr	ment amount	Shares held as at September 30, 2023		r 30, 2023	for the nine-month	the Company for the nine-month	
				Balance as of	Balance as of				period ended	period ended	
	Investee		Main business	September 30,	December 31,		Ownership		2023	September 30, 2023	
Investor	(Note 1 and 2)	Location	activities	2023	2022	Number of shares	(%)	Book value	(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))	Footnote
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Sales of epitaxy and silicon wafers	2,740	2,740	200	100.00%	11,295	( 1)	1)	

Investment income

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

- (1) The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at December 31, 2022' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
- (2) The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.
- (3) The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

#### Major shareholders information

September 30, 2023

Table 6

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
Episil Technologies Inc.	166,961,680	57.86%