

**EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORT OF**  
**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**  
**FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022**

-----  
For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Episil-Precision Inc.

### ***Preface***

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Episil-Precision Inc. and its subsidiary (the "Group") as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity, consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies). It is the management's responsibility to prepare fairly presented consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' endorsed by the FSC, and the accountant's responsibility is to draw conclusions on the consolidated financial statements based on the review results.

### ***Scope***

Except as stated in the section of basis for qualified conclusion, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. The procedures performed in the review of consolidated financial statements include inquiries (primarily inquiring those responsible for financial and accounting matters), analytical procedures and other review procedures. The scope of the review work is significantly smaller than the scope of the audit work, so the accountant may not be able to identify all the material matters that can be identified by the audit work, and therefore cannot present the audit opinion.

### ***Basis for qualified conclusion***

As mentioned in Notes 4(3) to the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of some unimportant subsidiaries included in the above consolidated financial statements not reviewed by the accountant. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the total assets of such subsidiaries were NT\$102,699 thousand and NT\$67,507 thousand respectively, accounting for 1.39% and 0.86% of the consolidated total assets respectively; the total liabilities were NT\$3,302 thousand and NT\$3,237 thousand respectively, accounting for 0.13% and 0.11% of the total consolidated liabilities respectively; the total

comprehensive profit and loss for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were NT\$298 thousand , NT\$288 thousand , NT\$59 thousand and NT\$736 thousand respectively, which represented 0.70% , 0.14% , 0.08% and 0.19% of the total consolidated comprehensive profit and loss respectively.

### ***Qualified conclusion***

According to the review results of the accountants, except for some unimportant subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, which may be adjusted appropriately and the impacts may be disclosed, we did not find any circumstance where the consolidated financial statements referred to in paragraph 1 were not prepared in any material respect in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 ‘Interim Financial Reporting’ endorsed by the FSC, making it impossible to fairly present the consolidated financial position of Episil –Precision Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flow for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

---

Hsieh, Chih-Cheng

---

Chiang, Tsai-Yen

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

Aug 7 2023

---

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors’ report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

**EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 and JUNE 30, 2022 (JUNE 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited)**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Assets	Notes	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
<b>Current assets</b>								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 2,908,892	40	\$ 2,841,411	37	\$ 2,739,369	35
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(2)	2,622	-	-	-	270,000	4
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	890,450	12	1,025,940	14	1,185,540	15
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	6(3)and7	146,455	2	207,799	3	239,013	3
1200	Other receivables		21,403	-	27,584	-	17,125	-
1210	Other receivables due from related parties	7	8,780	-	8,472	-	12,325	-
130X	Inventories	6(4)	859,799	12	947,076	12	894,261	12
1410	Prepayments		63,829	1	93,490	1	69,033	1
1470	Other current assets		5,398	-	9,766	-	7,381	-
11XX	<b>Current assets</b>		<u>4,907,628</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>5,161,538</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>5,434,047</u>	<u>70</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>								
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		17	-	17	-	17	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	6(2) and 8	13,565	-	13,565	-	7,858	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)	1,972,724	27	2,008,385	26	1,870,370	24
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)	237,801	3	242,625	3	248,689	3
1760	Investment property - net	6(8)	157,858	2	160,320	2	167,054	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)	56,048	1	52,520	1	52,689	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets		32,095	-	32,095	1	34,014	-
1920	Refundable guarantee deposits	7	1,067	-	1,109	-	1,081	-
15XX	<b>Non-current assets</b>		<u>2,471,175</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>2,510,636</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>2,381,772</u>	<u>30</u>
1XXX	<b>Total assets</b>		<u>\$ 7,378,803</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 7,672,174</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 7,815,819</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

**EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 and JUNE 30, 2022 (JUNE 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited)**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
<b>Current liabilities</b>								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$ 346,956	5	\$ 178,624	2	\$ 274,120	4
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(20)	32,943	1	42,574	1	83,407	1
2170	Accounts payable	6(11)	212,098	3	419,139	5	554,7262	7
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7	706	-	1,885	-	2,254	-
2200	Other payables	6(12)	659,295	9	621,779	8	574,530	7
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	371,712	5	36,083	1	229,801	3
2230	Current income tax liabilities		33,139	-	120,663	2	99,554	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		8,495	-	9,532	-	9,804	-
2320	Long-term borrowings, current portion	6(13)	-	-	-	-	28,649	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others		20,043	-	22,430	-	27,039	1
21XX	<b>Current liabilities</b>		<u>1,685,387</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>1,452,709</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>1,883,884</u>	<u>24</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>								
2527	Non-current contract liabilities	6(20)	52,762	1	77,065	1	103,564	1
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(13)	487,644	7	484,170	6	480,721	6
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		36,148	-	36,148	1	36,549	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		240,212	3	242,962	3	247,676	3
2640	Accrued pension liabilities		66,242	1	67,338	1	79,822	1
2645	Guarantee deposits received		8,095	-	8,095	-	8,290	-
25XX	<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		<u>891,103</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>915,778</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>956,622</u>	<u>12</u>
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>2,576,490</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>2,368,487</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>2,840,506</u>	<u>36</u>
<b>Equity</b>								
Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
Share capital								
3110	Share capital - common stock	6(16)	2,885,394	39	2,885,394	38	2,880,155	37
Capital surplus								
3200	Capital surplus	6(17)	1,614,778	22	1,614,778	21	1,591,542	21
Retained earnings								
3310	Legal reserve	6(18)	170,583	2	101,319	1	101,319	1
3320	Special reserve		1,155	-	910	-	910	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		132,461	2	702,441	9	403,288	5
Other equity interest								
3400	Other equity interest	6(19)	( 2,058 )	-	( 1,155 )	-	( 1,901 )	-
3XXX	<b>Total equity</b>		<u>4,802,313</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>5,303,687</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>4,975,313</u>	<u>64</u>
Significant commitments and contingencies								
3X2X	<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<u>\$ 7,378,803</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 7,672,174</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 7,815,819</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Items	Notes	For the three-month periods ended June 30,				For the six-month periods ended June 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(20) and 7	\$ 1,078,687	100	\$ 1,533,692	100	\$ 2,175,847	100	\$ 3,006,262	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4) and 7	( 965,311 )	( 89 )	( 1,223,948 )	( 80 )	( 1,942,767 )	( 89 )	( 2,414,035 )	( 80 )
5900	Operating margin		113,376	11	309,744	20	233,080	11	592,227	20
	Operating expenses	6(25)(26) and 7								
6100	Selling and marketing expenses		( 11,004 )	( 1 )	( 15,809 )	( 1 )	( 25,537 )	( 1 )	( 31,085 )	( 1 )
6200	General and administrative expenses		( 44,062 )	( 4 )	( 46,614 )	( 3 )	( 89,264 )	( 4 )	( 87,988 )	( 3 )
6300	Research and development expenses		( 17,605 )	( 2 )	( 8,587 )	( 1 )	( 36,725 )	( 2 )	( 20,092 )	( 1 )
6000	Total operating expenses		( 72,671 )	( 7 )	( 71,010 )	( 5 )	( 151,526 )	( 7 )	( 139,165 )	( 5 )
6900	Operating profit		40,705	4	238,734	15	81,554	4	453,062	15
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7100	Interest income	6(21)	8,838	1	2,322	-	16,293	1	3,900	-
7010	Other income	6(22)	10,338	1	10,902	1	25,226	1	20,912	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(23)	2,586	-	16,059	1	( 12,956 )	( 1 )	20,514	-
7050	Finance costs	6(24)	( 7,735 )	( 1 )	( 4,660 )	-	( 14,358 )	( 1 )	( 7,531 )	-
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		14,027	1	24,623	2	14,205	-	38,795	1
7900	<b>Profit before income tax</b>		54,732	5	263,357	17	95,759	4	491,857	16
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)	( 11,159 )	( 1 )	( 52,671 )	( 3 )	( 19,152 )	( 1 )	( 98,371 )	( 3 )
8200	<b>Profit for the year</b>		\$ 43,573	4	\$ 210,686	14	\$ 76,607	3	\$ 393,486	13

(Continued)

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Items	Notes	For the three-month periods ended June 30,				For the six-month periods ended June 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2023	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net</b>									
<b>Components of other comprehensive income that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</b>									
8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	6(19)	( 711 )	-	( 741 )	-	( 903 )	-	( 991 )	-
8300 <b>Other comprehensive (loss) income, net</b>		<u>( \$ 711 )</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>( \$ 741 )</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>( \$ 903 )</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>( \$ 991 )</u>	<u>-</u>
8500 <b>Total other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>\$ 42,862</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 209,945</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>\$ 75,704</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 392,495</u>	<u>13</u>
Profit, attributable to:									
8610 Owners of the parent		<u>\$ 43,573</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 210,686</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>\$ 76,607</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 393,486</u>	<u>13</u>
Comprehensive income attributable to:									
8710 Owners of the parent		<u>\$ 42,862</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 216,986</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>\$ 75,704</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 392,495</u>	<u>13</u>
Basic earnings per share	6(28)								
9750 Basic earnings per share (in dollars)		<u>\$</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>0.74</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>0.27</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1.38</u>
Diluted earnings per share	6(28)								
9850 Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)		<u>\$</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>0.73</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>0.27</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1.36</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	Equity attributable to owners of the parent					Retained Earnings		Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Total equity
		Share capital - common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Warrants	Restricted stocks	Others	Legal reserve	Special reserve			
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$2,843,767	\$1,300,515	\$ 2,260	\$ 670	\$ 10,494	\$ 63,445	\$ -	\$ 389,838	(\$ 910)	\$4,610,079
Profit for the six-month ended June 30,2022		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	393,486	-	393,486
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 991)	( 991)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	393,486	( 991)	392,495
Appropriation of 2021 earnings	6(18)										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	37,874	-	( 37,874)	-	-
Special reserve reversed		-	-	-	-	-	-	910	( 910)	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 341,252)	-	( 341,252)
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(13)(16)(17)	3,388	15,999	( 890)	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,497
Issuance of corporate bonds	6(13)	-	-	21,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,757
Cash capital increase	6(16)	33,000	235,737	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,737
Compensation cost for cash capital increase retained for employees	6(15)	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$2,847,155	\$1,316,514	\$ 23,127	\$ 670	\$ 10,494	\$ 101,319	\$ 910	\$ 403,288	(\$ 1,901)	\$4,975,313
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$2,885,394	\$1,581,843	\$ 21,757	\$ 670	\$ 10,508	\$ 101,319	\$ 910	\$ 702,441	(\$ 1,155)	\$5,303,687
Profit for the six-month ended June 30,2023		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,607	-	76,607
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 903)	( 903)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,607	( 903)	75,704
Appropriation of 2022 earnings	6(18)										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	69,264	-	( 69,264)	-	-
Special reserve reversed		-	-	-	-	-	-	245	( 245)	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 577,078)	-	( 577,078)
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$2,885,394	\$1,581,843	\$ 21,757	\$ 670	\$ 10,508	\$ 170,583	\$ 1,155	\$ 132,461	(\$ 2,058)	\$4,802,313

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
		2023	2022
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Profit before tax		\$ 95,759	\$ 491,857
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile (profit) loss			
Depreciation expense	6(5)(6)(8)(25)	244,189	218,199
Amortisation expense	6(9)(25)	1,101	1,784
Finance costs	6(24)	14,358	7,531
Interest income	6(21)	( 16,293 )	( 3,900 )
Dividend income		-	( 1 )
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(23)	( 1,599 )	-
Share-based payments	6(15)	-	5,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		135,490	( 57,974 )
Accounts receivable - related parties		61,344	( 46,575 )
Other receivables		6,363	( 910 )
Other receivables - related parties		( 308 )	( 475 )
Inventories		87,277	( 25,801 )
Prepayments		29,661	( 11,821 )
Other current assets		4,368	( 1,495 )
Changes in operating liabilities			
Contract liabilities		( 33,934 )	53,278
Accounts payable		( 207,041 )	71,612
Accounts payable - related parties		( 1,179 )	638
Other payables		( 78,388 )	24,915
Other payables - related parties		1,705	( 6,202 )
Other current liabilities		( 2,387 )	7,048
Accrued pension liabilities		( 1,096 )	( 1,190 )
Cash inflow generated from operations		339,390	725,518
Interest received		16,110	3,844
Dividends received		-	1
Interest paid		( 10,544 )	( 4,859 )
Income taxes paid		( 106,676 )	( 94,771 )
Net cash flows from operating activities		<u>238,280</u>	<u>629,733</u>

(Continued)

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 are unaudited  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
		2023	2022
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost	6(2)	( \$ 2,622 )	( \$ 270,000 )
Disposal of financial assets at amortised cost		-	400,000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(29)	( 328,554 )	( 225,770 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(23)	2,460	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	( 4,629 )	( 1,228 )
Decrease in refundable deposits		42	65,052
Net cash flows used in investing activities		( 333,303 )	( 31,946 )
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	6(30)	630,079	440,348
Repayments of short-term borrowings	6(30)	( 461,747 )	( 487,823 )
Issuance of corporate bonds	6(30)	-	500,763
Payments of lease liabilities	6(30)	( 4,927 )	( 4,936 )
Cash capital increase	6(30)	-	268,737
Net cash flows from financing activities		163,405	592,401
Effect of exchange rate changes		( 901 )	( 991 )
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		67,481	1,189,197
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)	2,841,411	1,550,172
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$ 2,908,892	\$ 2,739,369

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EPISIL-PRECISION INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organisation

Episil-Precision Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated as a company limited by shares on October 15, 1998 and was approved by the regulatory authority on November 9, 1998. The primary business activities have been started since December 1999.

The Company merged with Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. on January 11, 2016 in accordance with the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and other related regulations. The Company issued new shares to Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. as consideration for assuming all rights and obligations of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. The conversion ratio for this merger was one common share of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc. converting to 1.867876 common shares of the Company, totalling 149,523,473 shares, and the Company was the surviving company. This merger was a reverse takeover under comprehensive assessment. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements were issued under the name of the Company, which was an extension of the subject of Episil Semiconductor Wafer, Inc.

The Company and its subsidiary (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in development, manufacture and sales of silicon epitaxy wafers and compound semiconductor epitaxial wafers.

Episil Technologies Inc. (former name: Episil Holding Inc.) holds 57.86% of the Company’s outstanding shares. Episil Technologies Inc. is the Company’s ultimate parent company.

2. The Date of and Procedures for Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 7, 2023.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new, revised or amended IFRSs endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group  
None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier Finance Arrangements'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International Tax Reform—Pillar Two Model Rules'	May 23, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial position and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with Note 4 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, except for the compliance statement, basis of preparations, basis of consolidation and additional policies as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

- A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and the International Accounting Standard 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’ that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.
- B. These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
- (a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (b) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. The same principles of consolidation have been applied in the consolidated financial statements as those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Note
			June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision SILICON JAPAN Co., Ltd.	Sales of epitaxial and silicon wafer	100	100	100	1

Note: Because it does not meet the definition of an important subsidiary, its financial statements on June 30, 2023 and 2022 have not been reviewed by accountants.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Employee benefits

Pensions

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(5) Income taxes

The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

There have been no significant changes as of June 30, 2023. Please refer to Note 5 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 336	\$ 422	\$ 404
Checking accounts and demand deposits	531,359	287,133	544,943
Time deposits	1,947,197	1,896,356	1,693,522
Cash equivalents	<u>430,000</u>	<u>657,500</u>	<u>500,000</u>
	<u>\$ 2,908,892</u>	<u>\$ 2,841,411</u>	<u>\$ 2,739,369</u>

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Time deposits with maturity between three months and a year held by the Company were classified as current financial assets at amortised cost.
- C. The Company's cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as collateral for customs guarantee were classified as non-current financial assets at amortised cost. Refer to Note 8.

(2) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Current items:			
Time deposits-maturing in Over three months	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 270,000
Other	2,622	-	-
Non-current items:			
Pledged time deposits	13,565	13,565	7,858
	<u>\$ 16,187</u>	<u>\$ 13,565</u>	<u>\$ 277,858</u>

A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$16,187, \$13,565 and \$277,858 as at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

B. The counterparties of the Group's investments have good credit risk.

(3) Notes and accounts receivable

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Accounts receivable	\$ 890,602	\$ 1,026,092	\$ 1,185,692
Accounts receivable due from related parties	146,455	207,799	239,013
Less: Loss allowance	(152)	(152)	(152)
	<u>\$ 1,036,905</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,739</u>	<u>\$ 1,424,553</u>

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
	Accounts Receivable (including related parties)	Accounts Receivable (including related parties)	Accounts Receivable (including related parties)
Not past due	\$ 935,867	\$ 1,110,105	\$ 1,271,447
Up to 30 days	78,662	102,834	117,941
31 to 90 days	10,765	20,952	35,317
91 to 180 days	11,763	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,037,057</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,424,705</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, notes and accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,320,004.

C. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, collaterals held by the Group as

security for accounts receivable amounted to \$5,000.

D. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was \$1,036,905, \$1,233,739 and \$1,424,553, respectively.

E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Inventories

	June 30, 2023		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 437,653	(\$ 41,098)	\$ 396,555
Supplies	369,914	( 40,754)	329,160
Work in progress	67,628	( 3,076)	64,552
Finished goods	71,086	( 1,554)	69,532
	<u>\$ 946,281</u>	<u>(\$ 86,482)</u>	<u>\$ 859,799</u>

	December 31, 2022		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 554,341	(\$ 30,224)	\$ 524,117
Supplies	302,737	( 23,312)	279,425
Work in progress	80,050	( 3,678)	76,372
Finished goods	68,926	( 1,764)	67,162
	<u>\$ 1,006,054</u>	<u>(\$ 58,978)</u>	<u>\$ 947,076</u>

	June 30, 2022		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 524,777	(\$ 30,307)	\$ 494,470
Supplies	271,444	( 44,149)	227,295
Work in progress	75,001	( 1,041)	73,960
Finished goods	102,007	( 3,471)	98,536
	<u>\$ 973,229</u>	<u>(\$ 78,968)</u>	<u>\$ 894,261</u>

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:



	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	\$ 962,961	\$ 1,214,403
Reversal of inventory valuation loss	2,203	8,982
Inventory scrapped	147	563
	<u>\$ 965,311</u>	<u>\$ 1,223,948</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,914,236	\$ 2,391,832
Reversal of inventory valuation loss	27,504	20,880
Inventory scrapped	1,027	1,323
	<u>\$ 1,942,767</u>	<u>\$ 2,414,035</u>

5

(5) Property, plant and equipment

	2023				
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other equipment	Construction in process and equipment to be inspected	Total
At January 1					
Cost	\$ 2,301,420	\$ 4,190,767	\$ 71,335	\$ 268,329	\$ 6,831,851
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 1,413,734 )	( 3,349,440 )	( 60,292 )	-	( 4,823,466 )
	<u>\$ 887,686</u>	<u>\$ 841,327</u>	<u>\$ 11,043</u>	<u>\$ 268,329</u>	<u>\$ 2,008,385</u>
At January 1	\$ 887,686	\$ 841,327	\$ 11,043	\$ 268,329	\$ 2,008,385
Additions	36,935	17,339	7,502	139,187	200,963
Reclassifications	41,687	95,678	-	( 137,365 )	-
Disposals	-	( 861 )	-	-	( 861 )
Depreciation expenses	( 56,101 )	( 176,934 )	( 2,728 )	-	( 235,763 )
At June 30	<u>\$ 910,207</u>	<u>\$ 776,549</u>	<u>\$ 15,817</u>	<u>\$ 270,151</u>	<u>\$ 1,972,724</u>
At June 30					
Cost	\$ 2,377,325	\$ 4,293,790	\$ 78,837	\$ 270,151	\$ 7,020,103
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 1,467,118 )	( 3,517,241 )	( 63,020 )	-	( 5,047,379 )
	<u>\$ 910,207</u>	<u>\$ 776,549</u>	<u>\$ 15,817</u>	<u>\$ 270,151</u>	<u>\$ 1,972,724</u>

	2022				
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other equipment	Construction in process and equipment to be inspected	Total
At January 1					
Cost	\$ 2,084,553	\$ 3,919,301	\$ 69,469	\$ 128,127	\$ 6,201,450
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 1,325,785 )	( 3,017,606 )	( 59,028 )	-	( 4,402,419 )
	<u>\$ 758,768</u>	<u>\$ 901,695</u>	<u>\$ 10,441</u>	<u>\$ 128,127</u>	<u>\$ 1,799,031</u>
At January 1	\$ 758,768	\$ 901,695	\$ 10,441	\$ 128,127	\$ 1,799,031
Additions	27,163	49,705	3,000	201,083	280,951
Reclassifications	25,979	1,410	1,888	( 29,227 )	-
Depreciation expenses	( 43,795 )	( 163,176 )	( 2,641 )	-	( 209,612 )
At June 30	<u>\$ 768,115</u>	<u>\$ 789,634</u>	<u>\$ 12,688</u>	<u>\$ 299,933</u>	<u>\$ 1,870,370</u>
At June 30					
Cost	\$ 2,135,882	\$ 3,966,558	\$ 73,691	\$ 299,933	\$ 6,476,064
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	( 1,367,767 )	( 3,176,924 )	( 61,003 )	-	( 4,605,694 )
	<u>\$ 768,115</u>	<u>\$ 789,634</u>	<u>\$ 12,688</u>	<u>\$ 299,933</u>	<u>\$ 1,870,370</u>

- A. The Group has no capitalization of interest attributable to the property, plant and equipment for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.
- B. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral.

(6) Lease transaction – lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets, including land, buildings and structures and machinery and equipment. Lease agreements are typically made for periods of 3 to 50 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise other equipment.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
	<u>Book value</u>	<u>Book value</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Land	\$ 234,083	\$ 238,144	\$ 242,205
Buildings and structures	3,718	4,333	6,112
Machinery and equipment	-	148	372
	<u>\$ 237,801</u>	<u>\$ 242,625</u>	<u>\$ 248,689</u>

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	<u>Depreciation expenses</u>	<u>Depreciation expenses</u>
Land	\$ 2,030	\$ 2,039
Buildings and structures	877	889
Machinery and equipment	37	112
	<u>\$ 2,944</u>	<u>\$ 3,040</u>

	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	<u>Depreciation expenses</u>	<u>Depreciation expenses</u>
Land	\$ 4,061	\$ 4,061
Buildings and structures	1,754	1,778
Machinery and equipment	149	223
	<u>\$ 5,964</u>	<u>\$ 6,062</u>

D. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$0, \$1,067, \$1,140 and \$1,070, respectively.

E. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease agreements is as follows:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 1,427	\$ 1,477
Expense on short-term lease agreements	371	416

	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 2,866	\$ 2,954
Expense on short-term lease agreements	883	765

F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases

were \$8,676 and \$8,655, respectively.

G. Extension and termination options

In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option or not to exercise a termination option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

(7) Lease arrangements – lessor

A. The Group leases various assets, including buildings and structures. Lease agreements are typically made for periods of 1 and 20 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. To protect the lessor’s ownership rights on the leased assets, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes, or a residual value guarantee was required from leasees.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognised rental revenue in the amounts of \$10,027, \$10,740, \$20,167 and \$21,600, respectively, based on the operating lease agreements, which do not include variable lease payments.

C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,763
2023	19,802	40,960	40,960
2024	39,134	40,865	40,865
2025	38,811	40,541	40,541
2026	29,797	31,527	31,527
2027	7,008	8,739	8,739
2028	7,008	8,739	8,739
Over 2029	<u>56,067</u>	<u>69,910</u>	<u>69,909</u>
	<u>\$ 197,627</u>	<u>\$ 241,281</u>	<u>\$ 262,043</u>

(8) Investment property

	2023		2022	
	<u>Buildings and structures</u>		<u>Buildings and structures</u>	
At January 1				
Cost	\$	206,227	\$	211,322
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(	45,907)	(	41,743)
	\$	<u>160,320</u>	\$	<u>169,579</u>
At January 1	\$	160,320	\$	169,579
Depreciation expenses	(	2,462)	(	2,525)
At June 30	\$	<u>157,858</u>	\$	<u>167,054</u>

	2023		2022	
	<u>Buildings and structures</u>		<u>Buildings and structures</u>	
At June 30				
Cost	\$	206,227	\$	211,322
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(	48,369)	(	44,268)
	\$	<u>157,858</u>	\$	<u>167,054</u>

A. Rental revenue from investment property.

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Rental revenue from investment property	\$ 9,814	\$ 10,522
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental revenue during the period	\$ 2,550	\$ 2,501

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Rental revenue from investment property	\$ 19,630	\$ 21,043
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental revenue during the period	\$ 4,963	\$ 4,951

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, was \$195,387, \$213,458 and \$213,615, respectively. Valuations were made using the income approach which is categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Key assumptions are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>		<u>December 31, 2022</u>		<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Discount rate	11.78%		11.01%		11.65%
Annual rent (net income)	\$ 34,273	\$	36,267	\$	37,263
Duration	10 years		10 years		10 years

C. The Group has no interest capitalisation for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

D. The significant components of investment property include buildings and renovation, which are depreciated over 51 years and 46 years, respectively.

E. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group has no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(9) Intangible assets

	<u>2023</u>						
	<u>Computer software</u>		<u>Goodwill</u>		<u>Others</u>		<u>Total</u>
At January 1							
Cost	\$ 5,618	\$	48,369	\$	39,270	\$	93,257
Accumulated amortisation	( 3,001)		-		( 37,736)		( 40,737)
	<u>\$ 2,617</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>48,369</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,534</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>52,520</u>
At January 1	\$ 2,617	\$	48,369	\$	1,534	\$	52,520
Additions	4,000		-		629		4,629
Amortisation expenses	( 716)		-		( 385)		( 1,101)
At June 30	<u>\$ 5,901</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>48,369</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,778</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,048</u>
At June 30							
Cost	\$ 9,618	\$	48,369	\$	39,899	\$	97,886
Accumulated amortisation	( 3,717)		-		( 38,121)		( 41,838)
	<u>\$ 5,901</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>48,369</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,778</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,048</u>

	2022			
	Computer software	Goodwill	Others	Total
At January 1				
Cost	\$ 2,653	\$ 48,369	\$ 39,104	\$ 90,126
Accumulated amortisation	( 2,653 )	-	( 34,228 )	( 36,881 )
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 48,369</u>	<u>\$ 4,876</u>	<u>\$ 53,245</u>
At January 1	\$ -	\$ 48,369	\$ 4,876	\$ 53,245
Additions	1,060	-	168	1,228
Amortisation expenses	-	-	( 1,784 )	( 1,784 )
At June 30	<u>\$ 1,060</u>	<u>\$ 48,369</u>	<u>\$ 3,260</u>	<u>\$ 52,689</u>
At June 30				
Cost	\$ 3,713	\$ 48,369	\$ 39,272	\$ 91,354
Accumulated amortisation	( 2,653 )	-	( 36,012 )	( 38,665 )
	<u>\$ 1,060</u>	<u>\$ 48,369</u>	<u>\$ 3,260</u>	<u>\$ 52,689</u>

A. Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$ 317	\$ 893
General and administrative expenses	311	-
	<u>\$ 628</u>	<u>\$ 893</u>
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$ 702	\$ 1,784
General and administrative expenses	399	-
	<u>\$ 1,101</u>	<u>\$ 1,784</u>

B. The Group has no interest capitalisation for the three-month and the six-month June 30, 2023 and 2022.

C. As of June 30, 2023 , December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group has no intangible assets pledged to others as collateral.

(10) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	June 30, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ <u>346,956</u>	5.70%~6.32%	None

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ <u>178,624</u>	4.10%~6.04%	None

Type of borrowings	June 30, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ <u>274,120</u>	1.38%~3.23%	None

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, interest expenses arising from short-term borrowings that were recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$4,537 , \$1,338 , \$7,807 and \$2,390, respectively.

(11) Accounts payable

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Accounts payable	\$ 183,449	\$ 387,080	\$ 492,959
Estimated accounts payable	<u>28,649</u>	<u>32,059</u>	<u>61,767</u>
	\$ <u>212,098</u>	\$ <u>419,139</u>	\$ <u>554,726</u>

(12) Other payable

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023
Dividends payable	\$ 243,156	\$ -	\$ 143,429
Accrued expenses- expendables	110,109	133,352	105,856
Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration payable	93,899	84,428	108,019
Payables for equipment	71,756	199,347	88,862
Accrued expenses-bonus	47,257	122,087	39,102
Accrued expenses-others	<u>93,118</u>	<u>82,565</u>	<u>89,262</u>
	\$ <u>659,295</u>	\$ <u>621,779</u>	\$ <u>574,530</u>



(13) Bonds payable

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023
The Croup's third secured convertible bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600,000
The Croup's fourth secured convertible bonds	500,000	500,000	500,000
	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>1,100,000</u>
Less: Bonds payable converted	-	-	( 571,200 )
Less: Discount on bonds payable	( 12,356 )	( 15,830 )	( 19,430 )
	487,644	484,170	509,370
Less: Current portion	-	-	( 28,649 )
	<u>\$ 487,644</u>	<u>\$ 484,170</u>	<u>\$ 480,721</u>

A. The issuance terms of the Company's third domestic unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:

- (a) The regulatory authority has approved the third domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group. The bonds are with a total issuance amount of \$600,000 and a coupon rate of 0%, covering a 3-year period of issuance and a circulation period from October 31, 2019 to October 31, 2022, and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 31, 2019.
- (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of Episil-Precision Inc. during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- (c) The effective date for the conversion price of the convertible was set on October 23, 2019. The conversion price was set up based on multiplying a benchmark price which was the closing price of the Company's common share calculated at simple arithmetic mean of \$52.93 (in dollars) in 3 business days before the effective date (effective date is excluded) by convertible premium rate of 105.04% (round to the nearest tenth). If there is an ex-right or ex-dividend before the pricing effective date, the closing price adopted to calculate conversion price shall be imputed with ex-right or ex-dividend; if there is an ex-right or ex-dividend during the period that the conversion price was set up but prior to share issuance, the conversion price shall be adjusted based on the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price was NT\$55.6 (in dollars) per share based on the aforementioned method.
- (d) All convertible bonds repurchased, redeemed or converted by the Company from securities trading markets shall be retired, which are not allowed to resell or reissue, and conversion rights attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (e) As of October 31, 2022, the bonds totaling \$599,700 (face value) had been converted into 10,838 thousand shares of common stock.

- B. The issuance terms of the Company's fourth domestic unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:
- (a) The regulatory authority has approved the fourth domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds issued by the Company. The bonds are with a total issuance amount of \$500,000 and a coupon rate of 0%, covering a 3-year period of issuance and a circulation period from March 29, 2022 to March 29, 2025, and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on March 29, 2022.
  - (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
  - (c) The effective date for the conversion price of the convertible was set on March 21, 2022. The conversion price was set up based on multiplying a benchmark price which was the closing price of the Company's common share calculated at simple arithmetic mean in 1, 3 or 5 business day(s) before the effective date (effective date is excluded) by convertible premium rate of 109.22% (round to the nearest tenth). If there is an ex-right or ex-dividend before the pricing effective date, the closing price adopted to calculate conversion price shall be imputed with ex-right or ex-dividend; if there is an ex-right or ex-dividend during the period that the conversion price was set up but prior to share issuance, the conversion price shall be adjusted based on the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price was NT\$128 (in dollars) per share based on the aforementioned method.
  - (d) All convertible bonds repurchased, redeemed or converted by the Company from securities trading markets shall be retired, which are not allowed to resell or reissue, and conversion rights attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- C. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options were separated from the liability component and were recognised in "Capital surplus-warrants" in accordance with IAS 32. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the carrying amounts were \$21,757, \$21,757 and \$1,370, respectively.

(14) Pensions

- A. (a) The Group (excluding overseas subsidiary) has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last month prior to retirement. The Group contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to

the pension fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent pension fund committee. Also, the Group would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Group (excluding overseas subsidiary) will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

- (b) The pension costs recognized by the Group according to the above pension regulations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$258, \$178, \$516 and \$358, respectively.
  - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$3,129.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$7,302, \$6,923, \$14,691 and \$13,515, respectively.

(15) Share based payment

- A. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group’s share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Cash capital increase retained for employees’ subscription	2022.04.27	495	NA	Immediately vested

- B. The Group increased its capital by issuing 3.3 million common shares and reserved 15% of the shares issued this time, that is 495 thousand shares, for subscription by employees at \$82(in dollars) per share in accordance with the requirements of the Article 267 of the Company Act. The fair value of share-based payment amounting to \$5,000 was assessed based on market approach, and was recognised as compensation cost.

C. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Equity-settled	-	5,000
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Equity-settled	-	5,000

(16) Share capital

A. TAs of June 30, 2023, the Group's authorised capital was \$5,000,000, consisting of 500,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$2,885,394 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Unit: thousand shares)

Unit: thousand shares	2023	2022
At January 1	288,539	284,376
Cash capital increase	-	3,300
Conversion of convertible bonds	-	339
At June 30	288,539	284,715

B. The Company's Board of Directors resolved the capital increase by issuing 3.3 million new shares with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share on February 14, 2022. The capital increase was approved by the regulatory authority on March 15, 2022. In addition, the Chairman was authorised to set the issuance price at NT\$82 (in dollars) according to the relevant and market conditions. The total amount of the capital increase was \$270,600 and the effective date was set on April 14, 2022. The capital increase had been registered on June 28, 2022.

(17) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient..

(18) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, and setting aside or reversal for special reserve in accordance with related laws, if any. The Board of Directors should propose the distribution of the remaining earnings based on the Company's dividend policy for the approval of the shareholders.

A company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the dividends and bonus all or partially distributed in the form of cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders during their meeting, which is not subject to the rules in relation to the resolution of shareholders' meeting.

B. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below: as the Company operates in high-tech industries and is in the stable growth stage, to take into consideration the business environment and growing stage of the Company and meet future capital requirements, long-term financial plan and fulfil shareholders' requirement for cash flows. The current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the form of cash dividends not lower than 10% of total cash and stock dividends and bonus to be distributed.

C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

D. On May 31, 2023, the shareholders during their meeting resolved to distribute 2022 earnings and On June 21, 2022, the shareholders during their meeting resolved to distribute 2021 earnings  
Details are summarised below :

	Year ended December 31, 2022	
	Amount	Dividend per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 69,264	
Special reserve	245	
Cash dividends	577,058	\$ 2.0
	<u>\$ 646,567</u>	

	Year ended December 31, 2021	
	Amount	Dividend per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 37,874	
Special reserve	910	
Cash dividends	341,252	\$ 1.2
	<u>\$ 380,036</u>	

E. The number of the Company's shares outstanding has changed because the Company increased capital by issuing new shares and certain creditors proposed to convert the third domestic unsecured convertible bonds. With the total amount of cash dividends distributed held constant, the Board of Directors resolved to adjust the distribution ratio of cash dividends as NT\$1.18483932 (in dollars) per share on June 28, 2022.

(19) Other equity items

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Financial statements translation difference of foreign operations	Financial statements translation difference of foreign operations
At January 1	(\$ 1,155)	(\$ 910)
–Group	( 903)	( 991)
At June 30	<u>(\$ 2,058)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,901)</u>

(20) Operating revenue

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u>\$ 1,078,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,692</u>
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenue from contracts with customers	<u>\$ 2,175,847</u>	<u>\$ 3,006,262</u>

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2023</u>	<u>Silicon epitaxy wafers</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenue from external customer contracts	<u>\$ 1,074,812</u>	<u>\$ 3,875</u>	<u>\$ 1,078,687</u>
Timing of revenue recognition			
At a point in time	<u>\$ 1,074,812</u>	<u>\$ 3,875</u>	<u>\$ 1,078,687</u>

For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2022	Silicon epitaxy wafers	Others	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 1,529,921	\$ 3,771	\$ 1,533,692
Timing of revenue recognition			
At a point in time	<u>\$ 1,529,921</u>	<u>\$ 3,771</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,692</u>

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023	Silicon epitaxy wafers	Others	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 2,167,564	\$ 8,283	\$ 2,175,847
Timing of revenue recognition			
At a point in time	<u>\$ 2,167,564</u>	<u>\$ 8,283</u>	<u>\$ 2,175,847</u>

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2022	Silicon epitaxy wafers	Others	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 2,999,992	\$ 6,270	\$ 3,006,262
Timing of revenue recognition			
At a point in time	<u>\$ 2,999,992</u>	<u>\$ 6,270</u>	<u>\$ 3,006,262</u>

## B. Contract liabilities

(a) The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	January 1, 2022
Contract liabilities:				
Contract liabilities – advance sales receipts	\$ 85,705	\$ 119,639	\$ 186,971	\$ 133,693

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period	\$ -	\$ 22,704

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period	\$ -	\$ 42,357
 (21) <u>Interest income</u>		
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 8,838	\$ 2,322
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 16,293	\$ 3,900
 (22) <u>Other income</u>		
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Rental revenue	\$ 10,027	\$ 10,740
Dividend income	-	1
Other income, others	311	161
	\$ 10,338	\$ 10,902
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Rental revenue	\$ 20,167	\$ 21,600
Dividend income	-	1
Other income, others	5,059	311
	\$ 25,226	\$ 21,912
 (23) <u>Other gains and losses</u>		
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,599	\$ -
Net currency exchange gains	6,872	19,532
Depreciation on investment property	( 1,231 )	( 1,262 )
Other losses	( 4,654 )	( 2,211 )
	\$ 2,586	\$ 16,059



	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,599	\$ -
Net currency exchange (losses) gains	( 5,577 )	27,472
Depreciation on investment property	( 2,462 )	( 2,525 )
Other losses	( 6,516 )	( 4,433 )
	<u>(\$ 12,956 )</u>	<u>\$ 20,514</u>

(24) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Interest expense:		
Banking borrowings	\$ 4,537	\$ 1,338
Bonds payable	1,740	1,828
Lease liabilities	1,427	1,477
Other	31	16
Other finance expenses	-	1
	<u>\$ 7,735</u>	<u>\$ 4,660</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Interest expense:		
Banking borrowings	\$ 7,807	\$ 2,391
Bonds payable	3,474	1,983
Lease liabilities	2,866	2,954
Other	61	31
Other finance expenses	150	172
	<u>\$ 14,358</u>	<u>\$ 7,531</u>

(25) Expenses by nature

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Employee benefit expense	\$ 185,903	\$ 240,800
Depreciation expenses	124,225	110,179
Amortisation expenses on intangible assets	628	893

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Employee benefit expense	\$ 397,344	\$ 456,520
Depreciation expenses	244,189	218,199
Amortisation expenses on intangible assets	1,101	1,784

(26) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	\$ 153,025	\$ 197,542
Employee stock options	-	5,000
Labour and health insurance fees	14,183	14,683
Pension costs	7,560	7,101
Other personnel expenses	11,135	16,474
	<u>\$ 185,903</u>	<u>\$ 240,800</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	\$ 323,744	\$ 377,109
Employee stock options	-	5,000
Labour and health insurance fees	30,499	27,500
Pension costs	15,207	13,873
Other personnel expenses	27,894	33,038
	<u>\$ 397,344</u>	<u>\$ 456,520</u>

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration shall be calculated based on current year's earnings, which should first be used to cover accumulated deficits, if any, and then, not less than 5% for employees' compensation and not more than 2% for directors' remuneration.

Employees' compensation can be distributed by stock or dividends, including distributions to certain qualifying employees within the Group.

- B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$4,905, \$23,152, \$8,418 and \$43,240, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$613, \$2,894, \$1,052 and \$5,405, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses and other expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 8%, 1%, 8% and 1% of earnings for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Employees' compensation of \$75,047 and directors' remuneration of \$9,381 for the year ended December 31, 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2022 financial statements. Abovementioned employees' compensation of 2022 will be distributed in the form of cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System".

(27) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	\$ 11,159	\$ 52,671
Prior year income tax under estimation	-	-
Total current tax	<u>11,159</u>	<u>52,671</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 11,159</u>	<u>\$ 52,671</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	\$ 19,152	\$ 98,371
Prior year income tax under estimation	-	-
Total current tax	<u>19,152</u>	<u>98,371</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 19,152</u>	<u>\$ 98,371</u>

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income: None.

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(28) Earning earnings per share

For the three-month periods ended June 30,2023

	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic loss per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 43,573	288,539	\$ 0.15
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 43,573	288,539	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	80	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 43,573	\$ 288,619	\$ 0.15

For the three-month periods ended June 30,2022

	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic loss per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 210,686	285,025	\$ 0.74
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 210,686	285,025	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Convertible bonds	-	398	
Employees' compensation	1,463	4,435	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 212,149	\$ 289,858	\$ 0.73

For the six-month periods ended June 30,2023

	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic loss per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 76,607	288,539	\$ 0.27
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 76,607	288,539	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	388	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 76,607	\$ 288,867	\$ 0.27

For the six-month periods ended June 30,2022

	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic loss per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 393,482	284,941	\$ 1.38
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 393,482	284,941	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	645	
Convertible bonds	1,586	4,526	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 395,072	\$ 290,112	\$ 1.36

For the three-month and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023, the Company's issued convertible bonds had anti-dilutive effect, thus, they were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(29) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$ 200,963	\$ 280,951
Add: Beginning balance of payables on equipment	199,347	33,681
Less: Ending balance of payables on equipment	( 71,756 )	( 88,862 )
Cash paid during the year	<u>\$ 328,554</u>	<u>\$ 225,770</u>

B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Convertible bonds being converted to capital stocks	\$ -	\$ 18,497
Dividend paid	<u>\$ 577,078</u>	<u>\$ 341,252</u>

(30) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	2023					
	Short-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits-received	Bonds payable	Dividend paid	Liabilities from financing activities
At January 1	\$ 178,624	\$ 252,494	\$ 8,095	\$ 484,170	\$ -	\$ 923,383
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	168,332	( 4,927 )	-	-	-	163,405
Interest paid	-	( 2,866 )	-	-	-	( 2,866 )
Interest expense	-	2,866	-	3,474	-	6,340
Changes in other non-cash items	-	1,140	-	-	-	1,140
Cash dividends claimed	-	-	-	-	577,078	577,078
At June 30	<u>\$ 346,956</u>	<u>\$ 248,707</u>	<u>\$ 8,095</u>	<u>\$ 487,644</u>	<u>\$ 577,078</u>	<u>\$ 1,668,480</u>

	2022					
	Short-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits-received	Bonds payable	Dividend paid	Liabilities from financing activities
At January 1	\$ 446,283	\$ 261,346	\$ 8,290	\$ 46,878	\$ -	\$ 762,797
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	( 172,163 )	( 4,936 )	-	500,763	-	323,664
Interest paid	-	( 2,954 )	-	-	-	( 2,954 )
Interest expense	-	2,954	-	1,983	-	4,937
Option exercised	-	-	-	( 18,497 )	-	( 18,497 )
Changes in other non-cash items	-	1,070	-	( 21,757 )	-	( 20,687 )
Cash dividends claimed	-	-	-	-	341,252	341,252
At June 30	\$ 274,120	\$ 258,893	\$ 8,290	\$ 509,370	\$ 341,252	\$ 1,390,512

## 7. Related Party Transactions

### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company's ultimate parent company is Episil Technologies Inc. (former name: Episil Holding Inc. ) holds 57.86% of the Company's outstanding shares.

### (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Episil Technologies Inc.	The parent company
Episil Technologies Inc.(Shanghai)	The parent company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary
Hermes-Epitek Corp.	The parent company's director is Hermes-Epitek Corp.'s director
Taiwan Hi-Tech Corp.	Investee of the parent company accounted for using equity method

### (3) Significant related party transactions

#### A. Operating revenue

#### B.

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Sales of goods:		
-The parent company	\$ 81,261	\$ 193,175
-Affiliate company	615	-
	\$ 81,876	\$ 193,175

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Sales of goods:		
-The parent company	\$ 179,151	\$ 370,995
-Affiliate company	1,670	313
	<u>\$ 180,821</u>	<u>\$ 371,308</u>

The price and terms on sales are available to third parties and the credit term is 30 to 90 days after monthly billings.

#### C. Purchases

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Purchases of goods:		
-The parent company	\$ -	\$ 2,165
-Affiliate company	658	-
Purchases of services:		
-The parent company	2,934	3,391
	<u>\$ 3,592</u>	<u>\$ 5,556</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Purchases of goods:		
-The parent company	\$ 1,101	\$ 6,589
-Affiliate company	1,663	-
Purchases of services:		
-The parent company	6,433	6,478
	<u>\$ 9,197</u>	<u>\$ 13,067</u>

The price and terms on purchase are available to third parties and the payment term is 30 to 90 days after monthly billings.



C. Receivables from related parties

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>		<u>December 31, 2022</u>		<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Accounts receivable:					
-The parent company	\$ 146,035	\$	207,799	\$	239,013
-Affiliate company	420		-		-
	<u>146,455</u>		<u>207,799</u>		<u>239,013</u>
Other receivables:					
- Affiliate company	\$ 8,847	\$	8,472	\$	12,325

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods and service provision transactions. The receivables are due 3 months after the date of sale.

D. Payables to related parties

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>		<u>December 31, 2022</u>		<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Accounts payable:					
-The parent company	\$ -	\$	811	\$	2,254
- Affiliate company	706		1,074		-
	<u>706</u>		<u>1,885</u>		<u>2,254</u>
Other payable:					
-The parent company	340,779		5,037		204,423
- Affiliate company	30,933		31,046		25,378
	<u>\$ 371,712</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>36,083</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>229,801</u>

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase of services, and the payment terms are made under mutual agreement.

Other payables mainly refer to payables for dividend paid, service fees and processing fees.

E. Lease transactions

- (a) For the three-month periods and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, rental revenue arising from leasing certain buildings and structures to affiliate companies amounted to \$1,846, \$2,278, \$3,691 and \$4,556, respectively, which is collected monthly.
- (b) For the three-month periods and six-month periods end June 30, 2023 and 2022, rental expense due to leasing certain buildings and structures from affiliate companies amounted to \$30, \$30, \$61 and \$61, respectively, which is paid monthly.

F. Others (Shown as “Operating costs” and “Operating expenses”)

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Testing fee:		
-Associates	\$ 41,589	\$ 34,012

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Testing fee:		
-Associates	\$ 77,843	\$ 62,297

(4) Key management personnel compensation

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 6,411	\$ 4,616
Post-employment benefits	142	54
	\$ 6,553	\$ 4,670

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 14,227	\$ 11,138
Post-employment benefits	284	108
	\$ 14,511	\$ 11,246

8. Pledged Assets

The Group’s assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	Book value			Purpose
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Restricted assets (shown as “Current financial assets at amortised cost”)	\$ 2,622	\$ -	\$ -	Customs deposits
Pledged time deposits (shown as “Non-Current financial assets at amortised cost”)	13,565	13,565	7,858	Customs deposits and guarantee deposits for leases
	\$ 16,187	\$ 13,565	\$ 7,858	

## 9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

### (1) Contingencies

None.

### (2) Commitments

Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 333,860	\$ 342,084	\$ 543,305

## 10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

## 11. Significant Events after the Reporting Period

None.

## 12. Others

### (1) Capital management

There are no material changes in the current period. Please refer to Note 12 to the 2022 year end Consolidated Financial Statements of the Republic of China.

### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 17
<u>Financial assets at amortised cost</u>			
Financial assets at amortised cost	16,187	13,565	277,858
Cash and cash equivalents	2,908,892	2,841,411	2,739,369
Accounts receivable	890,450	1,025,940	1,185,540
Accounts receivable due from related parties	146,455	207,799	239,013
Other receivables	21,403	27,584	17,125
Other receivables due from related parties	8,780	8,472	12,325
Refundable guarantee deposits	1,067	1,109	1,081
	<u>\$ 3,993,234</u>	<u>\$ 4,125,880</u>	<u>\$ 4,472,311</u>

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 346,956	\$ 178,624	\$ 274,120
Accounts payable	212,098	419,139	554,726
Accounts payable to related parties	706	1,885	2,254
Other payables	659,295	621,779	574,530
Other payables to related parties	371,712	36,083	229,801
Bonds payable (including current portion)	487,644	484,170	509,370
Guarantee deposits received	8,095	8,095	8,290
	<u>\$ 2,086,506</u>	<u>\$ 1,749,775</u>	<u>\$ 2,153,091</u>
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 248,707</u>	<u>\$ 252,494</u>	<u>\$ 257,480</u>

## B. Policy of risk management

There are no material changes in the current period. Please refer to Note 12 to the 2022 year end Consolidated Financial Statements of the Republic of China.

## C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

### (a) Market risk

#### Exchange rate risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiary using various functional currencies, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up policies to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currencies. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure through coordination with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and JPY expenditures. Borrowing liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are adopted to minimise the volatility of the foreign exchange.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and the subsidiary's functional currency: JPY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2023			
	Foreign currency amount		Book value
	(in thousands)	Exchange rate	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 19,911	31.132	\$ 619,869
JPY:NTD	26,413	0.215	5,679
RMB:NTD	34,559	4.279	147,878
USD: JPY	2,507	144.665	78,055
Non-monetary items: None.			
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 14,574	31.132	\$ 453,718
JPY:NTD	40,903	0.215	8,794
RMB:NTD	3,292	4.279	14,086
Non-monetary items: None.			

December 31, 2022			
	Foreign currency amount		Book value
	(in thousands)	Exchange rate	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 37,261	30.720	\$ 1,144,658
JPY:NTD	15,532	0.233	3,619
RMB:NTD	13,285	4.406	58,534
USD: JPY	1,833	132.016	56,310
Non-monetary items: None.			
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 15,395	30.720	\$ 472,934
JPY:NTD	41,915	0.233	9,766
RMB:NTD	16,824	4.406	74,127
Non-monetary items: None.			

				June 30, 2022		
				Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$	36,275		29.725	\$	1,078,268
JPY:NTD		29,216		0.2182		6,375
RMB:NTD		9,867		4.441		43,818
USD: JPY		1,659		136.228		49,320
Non-monetary items: None.						
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$	18,301		29.725	\$	543,993
JPY:NTD		17,290		0.2182		3,773
RMB:NTD		31,458		4.441		139,704
USD: JPY		8		136.228		227
Non-monetary items: None.						

iv. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variations on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$6,872, \$19,532, (\$5,577) and \$27,472, respectively.

v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variations:

				Year ended June 30, 2023		
				Change in exchange rate	Effect on profit (loss)	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD		1%	\$	6,199	\$	-
JPY:NTD		1%		57		-
RMB:NTD		1%		1,479		-
USD: JPY		1%		781		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD		1%	(\$	4,537)	\$	-
JPY:NTD		1%	(	88)		-
RMB:NTD		1%	(	141)		-

	Year ended June 30, 2022		
	Change in exchange rate	Effect on profit (loss)	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 10,783	\$ -
JPY:NTD	1%	64	-
RMB:NTD	1%	438	-
USD: JPY	1%	493	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	1%	(\$ 5,440)	\$ -
JPY:NTD	1%	( 38)	-
RMB:NTD	1%	( 1,397)	-
USD: JPY	1%	( 2)	-

#### Price risk

- i. The Group's investments in equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by a domestic company. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee company. If the prices of these equity securities had increased /decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, fair value adjustment would have increased/decreased both by \$2, as a result of the price change on equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term borrowings with floating rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at floating rates were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars, US dollars and Japanese yen.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate of New Taiwan dollars and US dollars had increased/decreased by 0.25% with all other variables held constant, loss after tax For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, would have increased/decreased by \$434 and \$343, respectively. Changes in interest expense mainly due from floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's perspective. Only rated banks with an optimal rating and financial institutes with investment grade are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual credit limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, and the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
  - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
  - (ii) For investments in bonds that are traded over the counter, if any external credit rating agency rates these bonds as investment grade, the credit risk of these financial assets is treated low.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties of the issuer;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group categorised accounts receivable in accordance with credit risk and applied the modified approach using a provision matrix to estimate the expected credit loss.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- viii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022,



June 30 2022, the provision matrix is as follows:

	Not past due	Up to 30 days past due	31~90 days past due	91~180 days past due	over 180 days past due	Individual	Total
<u>At June 30, 2023</u>							
Expected loss rate	0.01%	0.01%	0.12%	0.72%	0.12%	0.12~4.97%	
Total book value	\$ 899,678	\$ 56,449	\$ 20	\$ 11,763	\$ -	\$ 69,147	\$ 1,037,057
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	( 152)	( 152)
<u>At December 31, 2022</u>							
Expected loss rate	0.01%	0.01%	0.13%	0.77%	0.12%	0.12~5.26%	
Total book value	\$ 1,054,418	\$ 76,720	\$ 148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,605	\$ 1,233,891
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	( 152)	( 152)
<u>At June 30, 2022</u>							
Expected loss rate	0.01~1%	0.01~0.18%	0.01~4.78%	0.82%	0.12%	0.12~6.50%	
Total book value	\$ 1,130,889	\$ 77,742	\$ 35,317	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,757	\$ 1,424,705
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	( 152)	( 152)

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2023
	Accounts receivable
At January 1 / June 30,	\$ 152
	2022
	Accounts receivable
At January 1 / June 30,	\$ 152

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management will be appropriately used and invested. The chosen instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group held money market position of \$2,908,557, \$2,840,989 and \$2,738,965, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Floating rate:			
Expiring within one year	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 185,215
Fixed rate:			
Expiring within one year	<u>1,637,808</u>	<u>1,423,438</u>	<u>743,118</u>
	<u>\$ 1,637,808</u>	<u>\$ 1,623,438</u>	<u>\$ 928,333</u>

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 2 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
June 30, 2023				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 346,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable (including related parties)	212,804	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	1,031,007	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	14,082	12,403	35,515	279,649
Bonds payable	-	500,000	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	-	-	8,095	-
December 31, 2022				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 178,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable (including related parties)	421,024	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	657,862	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	15,193	12,403	35,185	285,310
Bonds payable	-	-	500,000	-
Guarantee deposits received	-	-	8,095	-
June 30, 2022				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 274,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable (including related parties)	556,980	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	804,331	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	15,513	13,793	35,308	289,901
Bonds payable	28,800	-	500,000	-
Guarantee deposits received	195	-	8,095	-

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in beneficiary certificates is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.

B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(8).

C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

(a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values.

June 30, 2023				
Fair value				
Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities:				
Bonds payable	\$ 487,644	\$ -	\$ 488,900	\$ -

  

December 31, 2022				
Fair value				
Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities:				
Bonds payable	\$ 484,170	\$ -	\$ 485,450	\$ -

  

June 30, 2022				
Fair value				
Book value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities:				
Bonds payable	\$ 509,370	\$ -	\$ 512,626	\$ -

(b) The methods and assumptions of fair value estimate are as follows:

Bonds payable: The fair value of the convertible bonds issued by the Group was estimated by the Binomial-Tree approach to convertible bonds.

D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Unlisted stocks	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ 17
December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Unlisted stocks	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ 17
June 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Unlisted stocks	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ 17

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Closing-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Closing price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by

market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

- iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Foreign exchange forward contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
  - v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. As a result, the estimate generated by valuation model will be slightly adjusted based on additional inputs, such as model risk and liquidity risk. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
  - vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022
	Equity instruments	Equity instruments
At January1/June 30	\$ 17	\$ 17

- G. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Group treasury is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair

value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.
	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.
	Fair value at June 30, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$	17 Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio multiple;	1.	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value.

J. The Group has assessed the valuation models and assumptions carefully used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

		June 30, 2023			
		Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Financial assets					
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2 (\$ 2)
		December 31, 2022			
		Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Financial assets					
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2 (\$ 2)

		June 30, 2022			
		Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
		Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
	Input	Change			
Financial assets					
Equity instrument	Price to book ratio multiple	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2 (\$ 2)

### 13. Supplementary Disclosures

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 1.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 2.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 4.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 5.

#### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China: None.

#### (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to Note 6.

### 14. Segment Information

#### (1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The chief operating decision-maker, who assesses performance and allocates resources of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

#### (2) Segment Information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,175,847	\$ 3,006,262
Inter-company revenue	\$ 164,592	\$ 118,064
Segment (loss) income	\$ 95,759	\$ 491,857
Segment assets	\$ 7,378,803	\$ 7,815,819
Segment liabilities	\$ 2,576,490	\$ 2,840,506

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

None.



Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of June 30, 2023				Footnote (Note 4)
				Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value (Note	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Episil-Precision Inc.	Dah Chung Bills Fiance Corp.-common shares	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	1,109	\$ 17	0.00%	\$ 17	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IFRS9. "Financial instruments".

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction			Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions (Note 1)		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote	
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance		Percentage of notes/accounts receivable (payable)
Episil-Precision Inc.	Episil Technologies Inc.	Parent company	(Sales)	\$ 179,151	8.23%	30-90 days after monthly billings	-	General terms	\$ 146,035	14.08%	(Note 2)
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	(Sales)	161,546	7.42%	90-180 days after monthly billings	-	General terms	88,765	8.56%	

Note 1 : Processing and returning materials provided by customers (related parties) were excluded from purchase/sales.

Note 2:Episil Holding Inc. (former name) merged with its subsidiary, Episil Technologies Inc. After the merger, Episil Holding Inc. was the surviving company while Episil Technologies Inc. was the dissolved company. The merger effective September 1, 2021. Meanwhile, Episil Holding Inc. was renamed to Episil Technologies Inc.

Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries  
 Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more  
 June 30, 2023

Table 3

						Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)		
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	Balance of	Turnover	Overdue receivables		Amount collected	Allowance for
			accounts receivables of		related parties ( Note1 )	rate	Amount	
Episil-Precision Inc.	Episil Technologies Inc.	Parent company	\$ 146,035	2.03	\$ 60,711	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	\$ 53,348	\$ -

Note 1: Please rely on the accounts receivable, bills, other receivables... etc.

Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries  
 Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period  
 For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD  
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (註2)	Transaction			consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
				General ledger account	Amount (註3)	Transaction terms	
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Operating revenue	161,546	General terms	7.42%
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Operating costs	3,045	General terms	0.14%
1	Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	88,765	90~180 days after monthly billings	1.20%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the year when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated by total consolidated revenues during the year when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense.

Note 4: Only transaction amount that exceeds \$1 million will be disclosed, otherwise will not be disclosed.

Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Information on investees  
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 5

										Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)	
										Investment income	
										Net profit (loss)	(loss) recognized by
										for	the Company for
										the six-month	the six-month
										period ended	period ended
										June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
										(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))
Investor	Investee (Note 1 and 2)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2023			Net profit (loss)	(loss) recognized by	Footnote
				Balance as of June 30, 2023	Balance as of December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Episil-Precision Inc.	Precision Silicon Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Sales of epitaxy and silicon wafers	2,740	2,740	200	100.00%	11,286	59		59

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

- (1) The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at December 31, 2022' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
- (2) The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.
- (3) The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Episil-Precision Inc. and Subsidiaries

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2023

Table 6

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
Episil Technologies Inc.	166,961,680	57.86%